To: Michael Nedd[mnedd@blm.gov]

**Cc:** Cardinale, Richard[richard\_cardinale@ios.doi.gov]

From: Stewart, Shannon

**Sent:** 2017-03-29T13:19:57-04:00

Importance: Normal

**Subject:** Re: National Monuments Data Call **Received:** 2017-03-29T13:22:10-04:00

DOI National Monuments Data Call - Response 3.27.17 BLM edits.xlsx

## Hi Rich

Attached is the table with BLM's edits per your request (this document was locked such that we couldn't show track changes).

We mostly removed duplicate BLM entries and added federal and non federal acres (we added state and private inholdings to the column header to clarify). We also noticed that many of the Resource Objects and Values (ROV's) that we originally submitted for those NM's designated by Proclamation were replaced with the wording from the actual Proclamation and the list of ROV's we submitted only remain for those that are Congressionally designated. This is completely fine except that it should be noted that courts give deference to BLM and the ROV's that are further defined by BLM through NEPA, in addition to the more general nature of the Proclamation language. We have gone back in and added "BLM ROV's Defined through Management Plans" below the Proclamation language.

## Shannon

On Tue, Mar 28, 2017 at 12:23 PM, Michael Nedd <mnedd@blm.gov> wrote:

Will do Rich.

Take care and have wonderful day! :-))) MDN 202-208-3801

A thought to consider "Do all the good you can, in all the ways you can, for all the people you can, while you can!"

Sent from my mobile device, please excuse any typos.

On Mar 28, 2017, at 12:13 PM, Cardinale, Richard <richard cardinale@ios.doi.gov> wrote:

Walter and Mike,

Per Amy's request below, may I ask you to share the attached spreadsheet with appropriate folks on your immediate staff and just ensure that the information applicable to your respective bureaus is correct. Thanks.

## Rich

----- Forwarded message -----

From: Holley, Amy < amy holley@ios.doi.gov>

Date: Mon, Mar 27, 2017 at 6:38 PM

Subject: Fwd: National Monuments Data Call

To: Richard Cardinale < Richard Cardinale@ios.doi.gov >, Maureen Foster

<a href="mailto:squ"><maureen foster@ios.doi.gov"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach:squ"><mach

## All:

Attached is the compilation for the national monuments data call, as well as notes from Christina on some verifications and adjustments. Could you (or your bureaus) please review and let us know if you have edits or questions. Thank you again for your help with this!

- Updated proclamation vs. Antiquities Act; researched and included additional designation categories for clarity
- Notated DOI and non-DOI land
- Reconciled duplicates with conflicting data points (such as differing acreage and locations)
- Converted square mileage references to acreage for consistency and for analysis
- Cleaned up references to National Parks versus National Monuments (a number of National Monuments were transferred/merged into National Parks); added notes to clarify
- Added additional columns to capture notes, and capture changes in National Monument size
- Revised "Synopsis of Values" as needed for brevity

<DOI National Monuments Data Call - Response 3.27.17.xlsx>

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Shannon Stewart
Acting Chief of Staff
Bureau of Land Management
202-570-0149 (cell)
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scstewar@blm.gov

National Monuments Designation Authority											
<b>Designation Authority</b>	# of National Monuments										
Antiquities Act	169										
Congress/Legislation	31										
Congress & Antiquities Act	2										
Congress & Presidential Proclamation											
(not via Antiquities Act)	1										

Range of years N	lational Monuments were
6	established
Time Period	# of National Monuments
1906-1909	24
1910-1919	19
1920-1929	26
1930-1939	26
1940-1949	6
1950-1959	4
1960-1969	8
1970-1979	19
1980-1989	3
1990-1999	2
2000-2009	33
2010-2017	33

						Designated by					
1						(Antiquities Act		Current Federal acreage (if	Current Non-Federal		
Non-DO	? Bureau/Office	Name of Monument	Location: State	Location: City	Year Established	OR Legislative Approval)	Number of acres at enactment	changed from amount at enactment)	acreage (State and Private Inholdings)	Synopsis of the Values Protected/Reason for Designation Excaussing as Signification in the mounts from Recessing and adjusted the fit 1919 their as Acadia for fit 1950.	Notes
l i										"WHEREAS the said lands embrace about five thousand acres adjacent to	
l i										and including the summit of Mount Desert Island which island was discovered by Samuel de Champlain and upon which he first landed when acting under the authority of Sieur de Monts he	
l i										explored and described the present New England coast an exploration and discovery of great historic	
										interest. The topographic configuration the geology the fauna and the flora	
	NPS	Acadia National Park	Maine	Bar Harbor	1916	Antiquities Act	5 000.00	48 132.71		of the island largely embraced within the limits of the Monument also are of great scientific interest."	
		Ackia Battleground National		1						Authorized by Congress in 1935 established by proclamation in 1938. Included in Natchez Trace Parkway.	
		Monument								"WHEREAS section 2 of the act of Congress entitled "An Act to provide for the commemoration of the two	
	NPS	(Natchez Trace Parkway)	Mississippi		1935	Congress/Antiquiti es Act		10 995.00		hundredth anniversary of the Battle of Ackia Mississippi and the establishment of the Ackia Battleground National Monument and for other purposes" approved August 27 1935 (49 Stat. 897)"	
					•					Proclamation 7984 February 27 2006: In Lower Manhattan at the corners of Duane and Elk Streets lies an	
										undeveloped parcel of approximately 15 000 square feet that constitutes a remaining portion of New York City's early African Burial Ground. The site is part of an approximately 7-acre National Historic Landmark established on	
										April 19 1993. From the 1690s to the 1790s the African Burial Ground served as the final resting place of enslaved and free Africans in New York City New York. It contains the remains of those interred as well as the archeological	
										resources and artifacts associated with their burials. Prior to the date of this proclamation the site was	
l i										administered by the General Services Administration (GSA) and it will be the location of a memorial to be constructed soon according to a design selected on April 29 2005 through a competition conducted by the GSA	
		African Burial								with the participation of the National Park Service (NPS) and other interested parties. The African Burial Ground	
		Ground National								National Monument will promote understanding of related resources encourage continuing research and present interpretive opportunities and programs for visitors to better understand and honor the culture and vital	
	NPS	Monument	New York	New York	2006	Antiquities Act	0.35	I	I	contributions of generations of Africans and Americans of African descent to our Nation; Lestablished to preserve for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations the outstanding	
										paleontological sites known as the Agate Springs Fossil Quarries and nearby related geological phenomena to provide for continuing paleontological research and for the display and interpretation of the scientific specimens	
										uncovered at such sites and to facilitate the protection and exhibition of a valuable collection of Indian artifacts and	
	NPS	Agate Fossil Beds	Nebraska	Harrison	1965	Congress	2 730.08			relics that are representative of an important phase of Indian history.  Established as Alibates Flint Quarries & Texas Panhandle Pueblo Culture NM and renamed in 1978. The property	
		Alibates Flint Quarries National								acquired under the provisions of the first section of this Act shall be set aside as a national monument for the benefit and enjoyment of the people of the United States and shall be designated as the A ibates Flint Quarries and	
	NPS	Monument	Texas	Fritch	1965	Congress	1	1 079.23	,	Texas Panhandle Pueblo Culture National Monument."	
		Aniakchak National		Aniakchak						Redesignated as NM and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress "conserve the scenery and the natural and	
	NPS	Monument & Preserve	Alaska	National Monument	1978	Antiquities Act	350 000.00	595 985.35		historic objects and the wildlife therein and to provide for enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such means as to leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations."	
										spectacular petroglyphs provide a link to the past offering insights into the lives of the peoples who once inhabited this part of the desert Southwest. The area's architectural features and artifacts are tangible objects that can help researchers reconstruct the human past. Such objects and more importantly the spatial relationships among them provide outstanding opportunities for archeologists to study the way humans interacted with one another neighboring groups and with the environment that sustained them in prehistoric times. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources Cultural Resources Riparian Vegetation Upland Vegetation Upland Vegetation Upland Vegetation Wildliff Resources - Native fish species Wildliff Resources - Promphorn	
	BLM	Agua Fria	Arizona	Phoenix	2000	Antiquities Act	70 980.00	l	1 364	Wildlife Resources - Yellow-billed cuckoo	
		Arches National								Redesignated a NP in 1971 through 92nd Congress. "WHEREAS these areas contain extraordinary examples of wind erosion in the shape of gigantic arches natural bridges "windows" spires balanced. rocks and other unique wind-	
	NPS	Park	Utah	Moab	1929	Antiquities Act	4 520.00	76 545.95		worn sandstone formations the preservation of which is desirable because of their educational and scenic value,"	
										The ruins contain Pueblo structures from the 11th to 13th centuries with more than 400 masonry rooms which were misidentified by early American settlers as Aztec. Set aside as a ruin of great antiquity and historical interest.	
										"WHEREAS there is near the town of Aztec New Mexico a ruin of great antiquity and historical interest; and	
	NPS	Aztec Ruin National Monument	New Mexico	Aztec	1923	Antiquities Act	4.60	266.78		WHEREAS the ground on which said ruin stands has been donated to the United States for the establishment of a national monument with a view to the preservation of said ruin for the enlightenment and culture of the Nation"	
	NPS	Badlands National Park	South Dakota	Interior	1929	Congress/Antiquiti es Act	50 830.00	233 809.13		Established as Bad ands NM in 1929. Badlands NM added 150 000 by presidential proclamation in 1939. Redesignated a NP in 1978.	
		1		•						Established under USES. Transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS certain prehistoric aboriginal ruins situated upon public lands of the United States within the Santa Fe National Forest in the State of New Mexico are of unusual	
		December 1								ethnologic scientific and educational interest and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by	
	NPS	Bandalier National Monument	New Mexico	Los Alamos	1916	Antiquities Act	23 352.00	33 654.44		reserving these relics of a vanished people with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a National Monument"	
		Basin and Range National								the most undisturbed corners of the broader Great Basin region which extends from the Sierra Nevada Mountains in the west to the Colorado Plateau in the east. The pattern of basin fault and range that characterizes this region creates a dramatic topography than bas inspired inhabitants for thousands of years. The vast rugged landscape redefines our notions of distance and space and brings into sharp focus the will and resolve of the people who have lived here. The unbroken expanse is an invaluable treasure for our Nation and will continue to serve as an irreplaceable resource for archaeologists historians and ecologists for generations to come. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Cultural Resources Natural Resources Geologic Resources Geologic Resources and Livestock Grazing	
										Rangeland Resources and Livestock Grazing	

Bears Ears National Monument Bechard National Wildlife Refuge  Belmont-Paul Women's Equality National Monument  Bering Land Bridge National Preserve  Berryessa Snow Mountain National Monument	D.C. V	Monticello 2016  1978  1978  Washington 2016  Bering Land  Gridge National 1978  John 2015	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act		2 632 508.00	Archaeological Sites Cultural Geology Paleontological Resources Prehistoric Natural and Scientific Resources and Scientific EM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports.  April 12 2010 16 36 aii Deliver of the Common of the National Woman's Party (NWP) since 1929. From this House the NWP's Gounder Alice Paul worte new language in 1943 for the Equal Rights Management which became known as the "Alice Paul Amendment" and led the fight for its passage in the Congress. From here throughout the 20th century Paul and the NWP drafted more than 600 pieces of fegislation in support of equal rights and advocated tirelessly for women's political social and economic equality not just in the United States but also internationally. While the House's role in women's history makes it a nationally significant resource the building itself has an interesting past.  Recespance National "reservice" in 1990 through 9bth Congress. The purpose or Bering Land grange National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
Monument Bechard National Wildlife Refuge  Belmont-Paul Women's Equality National Monument  Bering Land Bridge National Preserve  Berryessa Snow Mountain National	D.C. V	1978  Washington 2016  Weng Land stridge National June 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	1 200 000.00	2 632 508.00	and/or manager's reports.  April 12 2010 Tie 3er an benindrik nouse (nouse) Tocated at 144 Constitution A ende Mortheast Til Washington  D.C a few steps from the U.S. Capitol - has been home to the National Woman's Party (NWP) since 1939. From this House the NWP's Gounder Alice Paul worte new language in 1943 for the Equal Rights Amendment which became known as the "Alice Paul Amendment " and led the fight for its passage in the Congress. From here throughout the 20th century Paul and the WWP drafted more than 600 pieces of fegislation in support of equal rights and advocated tirelessly for women's political social and economic equality not just in the United States but also internationally. While the House's role in women's history makes it a nationally significant resource the building itself has an interesting past. Redesignated National Preservoic in 1980 through 9th Congress. The purpose or sering Land Bronge National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.
Becharof National Wildlife Refuge  Belmont-Paul Women's Equality National Monument  Bering Land Bridge National Preserve  Berryessa Snow Mountain National	D.C. W BBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBBB	1978  Washington 2016  Weng Land stridge National June 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	1 200 000.00	2 632 508.00	April 12 2010 Tie 3e all belinton nouse (nouse) notated at 144 Constitution A ende notated that washington D.C a few steps from the U.S. Capitol - has been home to the National Woman's Party (NWP) since 1929. From this House the NWP's founder Alice Paul wrote new language in 1943 for the Equal Rights Amendment which became known as the "Aice Paul Amendment" and led the fight for its passage in the Congress. From here throughout the 20th century Paul and the NWP drafted more than 600 pieces of legislation in support of equal rights and advocated tirelessly for women's political social and economic equality not just in the United States but also internationally. While the House's role in women's history makes it an antionally significant resource the building itself has an interesting past.  Recessgrated National Preservor in 1990 through 9bth Congress. The purpose of Bering Land Bridge National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral fanual and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
Belmont-Paul Women's Equality National Monument Bering Land Bridge National Preserve  Berryessa Snow Mountain National	D.C. V B B B B Alaska N	Washington 2016	Antiquities Act	0.34	2 632 508.00	D.C. — a few steps from the U.S. Capitol — has been home to the National Woman's Party (NWP) since 1929. From this House the NWP's founder Alice Paul wrote new language in 1943 for the Equal Rights Amendment which became known as the "Alice Paul Amendment" and led the fight for its passage in the Congress. From here throughout the 20th century Paul and the NWP drafted more than 600 pieces of legislation in support of equal rights and advocated triefessly for women's political social and economic equality not just in the United States but also internationally. While the House's role in women's history makes it a nationally significant resource the building itself has an interesting press.  It excessignates National infesseruce in 1980 through 95th Congress. The purpose of Bering Land Bringde National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10. 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
Women's Equality National Monument  Bering Land Bridge National Preserve  Berryessa Snow Mountain National	B B Alaska N	Sering Land Oridge National Monument 1978			2 632 508.00	this House the NWP's founder Alice Paul wrote new language in 1943 for the Equal Rights Amendment which became known as the "Alice Paul Amendment" and led the fight for its passage in the Congress. From here throughout the 20th century. Paul and the NWP drafted more than 600 pieces of legislation in support of equal rights and advocated tirelessly for women's political social and economic equality not just in the United States but also internationally. White the House's role in women's history makes it an antionally significant resource the building itself has an interesting past.  Kenesignated National "Preservice in 1980 through 9bth Congress. The purpose of Bering Land Bridge National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10. 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
Bering Land Bridge National Preserve Berryessa Snow S Forest Mountain National	B B Alaska N	Sering Land Oridge National Monument 1978			2 632 508.00	Necesignate on National Preservice in 1980 through 95th Congress. The purpose of Bering Land Bringe National Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10. 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
National Preserve  Berryessa Snow S Forest Mountain National	e B Alaska N	oridge National Monument 1978	Antiquities Act	2 590 000.00	2 632 508.00	Preserve is to protect and provide the opportunity to study and interpret the landscape which contains an invaluable record of floral faunal and human migration between Asia and North America and which supports an ongoing traditional subsistence culture.  July 10 2015: The Berryessa Snow Mountain area is the heart of northern California's wild Inner Coast Range. Once
Berryessa Snow S Forest Mountain National	ı				'	
			Antiquities Act	330 780.00	0	covered by ocean waters it is a landscape shaped by geologic forces of staggering power overlain with bountful but fragile biodiversity. Anchored in the north by, Snow Mountain's remote forests and in the south by scenic Berryessa Mountain this area stretches through unbroken wildlands and important wildlife corridors a mosaic of native grasslands picturesque oak woodlands rare wetlands and wild chaparral. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: human history of the area, geology, plant and wildlife species, migratory bird corridor, native fisheries, scientific research, and other studies [Exadulined unoner une war object internal or alternative or war 1252. Secure applicated as National advanced on a succession.
Big Hole National Battlefield	Montana W	Wisdom 1910	Antiquities Act	5.00	655.61	1963 through 88th Congress. "WHEREAS it appears that certain public lands within the Beaverhead National Forest adjacent to the Big Hole Sattlefield Monument are historic landmarks forming a part of the battle grounds where Chief loseph and a band of Nex Perce Indians were defeated by a detachment of Un it ed States Soldiers; WHEREAS certain other public lands within the aforesaid national forest are contiguous to the said national monument and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of the historic landmarks included within the monument; and WHEREAS it appears that it would be in the public interest to reserve all of the aforesaid public lands as a part of the said national monument."
Birmingham Civil						In 1963 Birmingham was the epicenter of the American Civil Rights Movement. Activists like Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Jr. Rev. Fred Shuttleworth Rev. Ralph Abernathy Sr. and countiess unmande therose gathered there to demand equality for a I people. The activists planned the nonviolent marches and protests of the Project C (for Confrontation) or Birmingham campaign. When Dr. King was jailed for participating in marches through Birmingham he wrote the famous April 16 1963 Letter from a Birmingham all dicelaring I am in Birmingham because injustice is here. The events that took place in Birmingham in 1963 became a galvanizing force for the passage of the Civil Rights Act of 1964. The Birmingham Civil Rights National Mounteent includes the A.G. Gaston Motel the headquarters for Project C where Dr. King and Rev. Abernathy and Shuttlesworth stayed and held strategy sessions and meetings during the Birmingham campaign. They also staged marches were served a subpoens and held press conferences on the premises. Dr. King and his colleagues announced the negotiated
Rights National	Alahama D	tirmingham 2017	Antiquities Ast	0.22		resolution of the campaign in the motel courtyard on May 10 1963. Hours later a bomb exploded near the suite
Biscayne National			Antiquities Act			where Dr. King had stayed.  Established as Siscayne Min 1968 and redes gnated Biscayne National Park in 1980. Established in order to preserve and protect for the education inspiration recreation and enjoyment of present and future generations a rare combination of terrestrial marine and amphiblous life in a tropical settling of great natural beauty there is
Black Canyon of	Florida H	Iomestead 1968	Congress	96 300.00	172 971.00	hereby established the Biscayne National Park." WHEREAR at appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for
National Park	Colorado G	Sunnison 1933	Antiquities Act	10 287.95	30 716.48	the preservation of the spectacular gorges and additional features of scenic scientific and educational interest."
Booker I.						Interpretation of Washington s life and achievements as well as interpretat on of 1850s slavery and farming. The
Washington National						Secretary of the Interior shall have the supervision management and control of such national monument and shall maintain and preserve it in a suitable and enduring manner which in his judgment will provide for the benefit and
Monument	Virginia H	lardy 1956	Congress	239.01		enjoyment of the people of the United States.
						February 19 2015: In central Colorado's vibrant upper Arkansas River valley the rugged granite cliffs colorful rock outcroppings and stunning mountain vistas of Browns Canyon form an iconic landscape that attracts visitors from around the world. The landscape's caryons rivers and backcountry forests have provided a home for humans for over 10 000 years and the cultural and historical resources found in this landscape are a testament to the area's Native Peoples as well as the history of more recent settlers and mining communities. The area's unusual geology and roughly 3 000-foot range in elevation support a diversity of plants and wildlife including a significant herd of bighorn sheep. Browns Canyon harbors a wealth of scientifically significant geological ecological riparian cultural and historic resources and is an important area for studies of paleeccology mineralogy archaeology and climate change. BIM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or managers' reports. Including: Ecological
Browns Canyon S Forest National						Cultural and Historic Scientific Paleontology Biological
Monument	Colorado S	alida 2015	Antiquities Act	21 586.00	0	Geological
	Utah B	Bryce 1923	Antiquities Act	7 440 00	35 832 58	Established under USFS redesignated a NP in 1924 through 68th Congress and transferred to NPS in 1933 by F. Roosevelt.
Buck Island Reef	B	12943	promised their			recommend swap December 20 391 Wineves both Status and to a squaring shotars rocks and under sea Gural reef formations possess one of the finest marine gardens in the Caribbean Sea; and Whereas these lands and their related features are of great scientific interest and educational value to students of the sea and to the public; and Whereas this unique natural area and the rare marine life which are dependent upon it are subject to constant threat of commercial exploitation and destruction; and Whereas the divisory board on National Parks Historic Sites Buildings and Monuments impressed by the caliber and scientific importance of the coral reefs of Buck Island has urged their prompt protection to prevent further despoliation; and Whereas it is in the public interest to preserve this area of outstanding scientific aesthetic and educational importance for the benefit and enjoyment of
Monument	Virgin Islands S	it. John 1961	Antiquities Act	850.00	19 015.47	preserve this area of outstanding scientific, and educational importance of the benefit and enjoyment of the people:
IS FC	Rights National Monument  Biscayne National Park  Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park Booker 1. Washington National Monument  Browns Canyon orest National Monument Bryce Canyon National Park Booker 1.  Browns Canyon National Monument Bryce Canyon National Park  Buck Island Reef National	Rights National Monument Alabama E  Biscayne National Park Florida Flo	Rights National Monument Alabama Birmingham 2017  Biscayne National Park Florida Homestead 1968  Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park Colorado Gunnison 1933  Booker I. Washington National Monument Virginia Hardy 1956  Browns Canyon Orest National Monument Colorado Salida 2015  Bryce Canyon National Park Uttah Bryce 1923  Buck Island Reef National	Rights National Monument Alabama Birmingham 2017 Antiquities Act  Biscayne National Park Florida Florida Homestead 1968 Congress  Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park Colorado Gunnison 1933 Antiquities Act Blooker I. Washington National Monument Virginia Hardy 1956 Congress  Browns Canyon Orest National Monument Colorado Salida 2015 Antiquities Act Bryce Canyon National Park Uttah Bryce 1923 Antiquities Act Buck Island Reef National	Rights National Monument Alabama Birmingham 2017 Antiquities Act 0.23  Biscayne National Park Florida Homestead 1968 Congress 96 300.00  Black Canyon of the Gunnison National Park Colorado Gunnison 1933 Antiquities Act 10 287.95  Blooker I. Washington National Monument Virginia Hardy 1956 Congress 233.01  Browns Canyon National Monument Colorado Salida 2015 Antiquities Act 21 586.00 Bryce Canyon National Park Uttah Bryce 1923 Antiquities Act 7 440.00  Buck Island Reef National	Rights National Biscayne National Park Florida Homestead 1968 Congress 96 300.00 172 971.00  Black Caryon of the Gunnison National Park Blooker I. Washington National Monument Virginia  Browns Canyon Orest Browns Canyon Orest Mational Monument Colorado Salida 2015 Antiquities Act 21 586.00 O Bryce Canyon National Park National Monument Colorado Salida 2015 Antiquities Act 21 586.00 O Bryce Canyon National Park National

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										Established under War Department. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "AND WHEREAS when Cabrillo sailed into San Diego Bay on the 28th day of September 1542 Point Lorna was the first land sighted; and The Order of Panama an
										Diego bay on the Zath day or september 1342. Point conta was the instanta significe, and the Order or Palanta all organization composed of representative clisters of Southern California has applied for permission to construct a
	NOC	Cabrillo National	C- 161-	Con Binon	4043		0.50	450.04		heroic statue of Juan Rodriguez Cabrillo the discoverer of California on Point Lorna which lies within the military
	NPS	Monument	Ca ifornia	San Diego	1913	Antiquities Act	0.50	159.94		reservation of Fort Rosecrans California and has requested that a suitable site be set apart for such monument."  Proclamation 7264 January 11 2000: The islands rocks and pinnacles of the California Coastal National
										Monument overwhelm the viewer as white-capped waves crash into the vertical cliffs or deeply crevassed surge
										channels and frothy water empties back into the ocean. Amidst that beauty lies irreplaceable scientific values vital to protecting the fragile ecosystems of the California coastline. At land's end the islands rocks exposed reefs and
										pinnacles off the coast above mean high tide provide havens for significant populations of sea mammals and birds.
										They are part of a narrow and important flight lane in the Pacific Flyway providing essential habitat for feeding
										perching nesting and shelter. The California Coastal National Monument is a biological treasure. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Cultural
										Resources - Pre European
										Educational Value - Interpretation
		California Coastal National								Natural Resources - Marine mammals Recreational Value - Wildlife to beservation and coastal sight seeing
	BLM	Monument	Ca ifornia	Marina	2000/2014/2017	Antiquities Act	3 937.00		0	Scientific Value - Research
		Canyon de Chelly National				Congress/Proclam				Al on Indian trust land. Authorized by Congress and established through proclamation. WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national monument for
	NPS	Monument	Arizona	Apache County	1931	ation	83 840.00		83 840.00	the preservation of a great number of cliff dwellings and for their archaeological interest."
										June 9 2000: Containing the highest known density of archaeological sites in the Nation the Canyons of the Ancients National Monument holds evidence of cultures and traditions spanning thousands of years. This area with
										its intertwined natural and cultural resources is a rugged landscape a quality that greatly contributes to the
										protection of its scientific and historic objects. The monument offers an unpara leled opportunity to observe study
										and experience how cultures lived and adapted over time in the American Southwest. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Archeology
		Canyons of the								Geology
	DIAA	Ancients National	Colorado	Delever	2000	Ambiguible - A-+	175 160 00		9.630	Raption
	BLM	Monument	Colorado	Dolores	2000	Antiquities Act	175 160.00		8 630	Reptiles  Reptil
										Proclamation 4615 December 1 1978: The area of northwest Alaska known as Cape Krusenstern contains an archeological record of great significance. The Cape's bluffs and its series of one hundred fourteen horizontal beach
										ridges hold an archeological record of every major cultural period associated with habitation of the Alaska coastline
										in the last 5000 years. The unglaciated lands lying inland including the Kakagrak Hi Is the Rabbit Creek area and others have an older archeological record dating back to pre-Eskimo periods of at least 8000 years ago. This
										Contribution of evidence is of great historic and scientific importance in the study of human survival and cultural
										evolution. There are in this area examples of other unique natural processes. The climatological conditions are
1										conducive to the formation of Naleds one spectacular example of which occurs in the area. In the same inland area at Kilkmak Creek is found the only known Alaskan example of a still recognizable lilinoisian elacial esker a formation
1										which is over 100 000 years old. The unique geologic process of erosion and sediment transport in this area created
1		Cape Krusenstern								and continues to create the beach ridges in which is preserved the archeological record of the beach civi izations.
1	NPS	National Monument	Alaska	Kotzebue	1978	Antiquities Act	560 000.00	627 190.67		Also found in the area is a wide variety of plant and animal species from the marine life along the shoreline and its laenons to the inland nonulations such as musk-oven Diall sheep carbinu and many smaller species.
	p	snamene	[		1	quinces rice		1-22-0-07	1	Established as NM and redesignated as NP in 1971 through 92nd Congress. No. 2246 — Aug. 2 1937 — 50 Stat.
										1856: Whereas certain public lands in the State of Utah contain narrow canyons displaying evidence of ancient sand dune deposits of unusual scientific value and have situated thereon various other objects of geological and scientific
		Capitol Reef								interest; and Whereas it appears that it would be in the public interest to reserve such lands as a national
	NPS	National Park	Utah	Torrey	1937	Antiquities Act	37 060.00	241 234.29		monument to be known as the Capitol Reef National Monument: [Established as Capulin Mountain NM then redesignated as Capulin Volcano NM in 1987. WHEKEAS Capulin
		Capulin Volcano								Estaoisneo as capuim Mountain xm trien recesignateo as capuim (oicano xm in 1997. WHEREAS, Capuim Mountain (oicated in Townships twenty-nien and thirty North Range twenty-rejefit East of the New Mexico Principal
1	l	National	L		l	l				Meridian. New Mexico is a striking example of recent extinct volcanoes and is of great scientific and especially
	NPS	Monument	New Mexico	Capulin	1916	Antiquities Act	640.42	792.84		geologic interest."  Established as Carisbad Ca e NM and redesignated a NY through the 1st Longress. Establ shed to protect: a
										limestone cavern known as the Carlsbad Cave of extraordinary proportions and of unusual beauty and variety of
										natural decoration; and WHEREAS beyond the spacious chambers that have been explored other vast chambers of unknown character and dimensions exist; and WHEREAS the several chambers contain stalactites stalagmites and
		Carlsbad Caverns								other formations in such unusual number size beauty of form and variety of figure as to make this a cavern equal
	NPS	National Park	New Mexico	Carlsbad	1923	Antiquities Act	719.22	46 427.26		if not superior in both scientific and popular interest to the better known caves."
										Proclamation 7393 January 17 2001: Full of natural splendor and rich in human history the majestic grasslands
										Proclamation / 393 January 1 / 2001: Full of natural splendor and rich in human history the majestic grasslands and stark ridges in the Carrizy Drain National Monument contain exceptional objects of scientific and historic
										interest. Since the mid-1800s large portions of the grasslands that once spanned the entire four hundred mile
										expanse of California's nearby San Joaquin Valley and other valleys in the vicinity have been e iminated by extensive land conversion to aericultural industrial and urban land uses. The Carrizo Palin National Monument which is
										land conversion to agricultural industrial and urban land uses. Ine Larrizo Plain National Monument which is dramatically bisteed by the San Andreas Fault zone is the largest undeveloped remnant of this ecosystem
										providing crucial habitat for the long-term conservation of the many endemic plant and animal species that still
										inhabit the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or management plans.
										manager's reports. Including: Cultural Giant kangaroo rat
										San Joaquin kit fox
										San Joaquin antelope squirrel Blunt-nosed leopard
										atuni-noseu reoparu mountain plover
										Long horn fairy shrimp
		Carrizo Plain								Vernal pool fairy shrimp Kern primors sphinx moth
		National								kern printruse spinik muti. Le Conte's thrasher
	BLM	Monument	Ca ifornia	Bakersfield	2001	Antiquities Act	204 107.00		35 772.00	Rare and Sensitive Plant species
										Casa Grande Ruins Reservation was set aside by President Benjamin Harrison on June 22 1892 to protect the "Casa Grande" or Great House a multistoried earthen-walled structure surrounded by the remains of sma ler buildings
										and a compound wa l. The Great House was constructed by the Hohokam people who farmed the Gila Valley of
		Casa Grande								south-central Arizona from ca. AD 300-1450. Casa Grande Ruins Reservation was both the first prehistoric site and the first cultural site to be set aside by the United States eovernment. The site became a national monument on
		National								the first cultural site to be set asine by the United States government. The site became a national monument on August 3 1918, under the authority of the Antiquities Act and was transferred to the National Park Service on that
	NPS	Monument	Arizona	Coolidge	1918	Antiquities Act	480.00	472.50		date.

		Cascade-Siskiyou								Proclamation 7318 9 June 2000: With towering fir forests sunlit oak groves wildflower-strewn meadows and steep canyons the Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument is an ecological wonder with biological diversity unmatched in the Cascade Range. This rich enclave of natural resources is a biological crossroads—the interface of the Cascade Klamath and Siskiyou ecoregions in an area of unique geology biology climate and toopgraphy. The monument is home to a spectacular variety of rare and beautiful species of plants and animals whose survival in this region depends upon its continued ecological integrity. Proclamation 7318 (revision) 2017: hereby proclaim the objects identified above that are situated upon lands and interests in londs sowned or controlled by the Federal Government to be part of the Cascade Siskiyou National Monument and for the purpose of protecting those objects: reserve as part thereof all lands and interests in lands owned or controlled by the Federal Government within the boundaries described on the accompanying map which is attached hereto and forms a part of this proclamation. These reserved Federal lands and interests in lands encompasts approximately 48 000 acres. The boundaries described on the accompanying map are confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected. Nothing in this proclamation shall change the management of the areas protected under Proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation shall have the same meaning as those defined in Proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation shall have the same meaning as those defined in Proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation shall have the same meaning as those defined in Proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation of the proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation of the proclamation 7318. Terms used in this proclamation 7318. Terms used in	Of the total acreage Reclamation total acres is 665
	BLM/Bureau of	National								Rare and Endemic plants	2017 Proclamation 7318 (revision) increased the monument by an additional 48 0000
	Reclamation (USBR)	Monument	Oregon	Medford	2000/2017	Antiquities Act	52 000.00	100 000	19 752	Special Plant Communities Established as Ft. Mar on NM in 1924 transferred to NPS in 1933 and redesignated Castillo San Marcos NM in 1942.	acres.
		Castillo San Marcos National								"AND WHEREAS by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 8 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized in his discretion to declare by public proclamation historic landmarks historic and prehistoric structures and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be National monuments and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land the limits of which in all cases shall be conflicted to the smale star accompatible with the proper care and the limits of which in all cases shall be conflicted to the smale star accompatible with the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and the proper care and	
	NPS	Monument	Florida	Fort Marion	1924	Antiquities Act	18.51	19.31		management of the objects to be protected"	
	NPS	Castle Clinton National Monument	New York	New York	1946	Congress	1.00			Authorized in 1346 and established in 1950 when land was ceded to Federal Covernment. War of 1812 Memorial. "Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to accept on behalf of the United States title to the site comprising approximately one acre and situated in Battery Park. New York City of the historic structure known as Castle Clinton together with such structure and any other improvement on or appurtnent to such site."	
										repruary 12 2016 ne Castie Mountains area bounded on three sides by Mioja e National Preser e (Preser e) possesses outstanding natural cultural and historical values representing some of the finest characteristics of the	
		Castle Mountains National Monument	Ca ifornia	Barstow	2016	Antiquities Act	20 920.00	20 902.00		eastern Mojave Desert. It connects water flow and wildlife corridors of the Preserve and completes the boundary of the Preserve along the Ca ifornia-Nevada border. Beneath the shadow of Hart Peak lie rich cultural and historic resources including Native American archeological sites and the historic gold mining ghost town of Hart. Exposed geologic features contribute to the area's outstanding scenery. Shaped by millions of years of geologic forces the rugged Castle Mountains are emblematic of the Mojave landscape.	
Yes	Abolished (Now with SC Park)	Castle Pinckney	South Carolina		1924	Antiquities Act	3.50			Transerred to X. trinough s4m Congress. AND WHEREAS DY Section 2 or time Act or Congress approved june of 1906 (34 Stat. 225) the President is authorized "in his discretion to declare by public proclamation historic landmarks historic and prehistoric structures and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be enational monuments and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of land the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care and management of the objects to be protected."	
	NPS	Cedar Breaks National Monument	Utah	Cedar City	1933	Antiquities Act	5 701.39	6 154.60		ne irsz protection airoidec this unique region—as in 1905—nen it—as included as a part or the selection. National Forest and was administered by the Forest Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture. The area was established as a National Monument by Presidential proclamation on August 22—1933—and was placed under the administration of the National Park Service of the U.S. Department of the Interior.  "WHEREAS I appears desirable in the public interest to exclude certain lands from the Diske National Forest Utah and include said lands within a national monument for the preservation of the spectacular cliffs canyons and features of scenic scient fit and educational interest contained therein"	
	NPS	Cesar Chavez National Monument	Ca ifornia	Keene	2012	Antiquities Act	10.50	10.50		October 08 2012: The property in Keene California known as Nuestra Señora Reina de la Paz (Our Lady Queen of Peace) (La Paz) is recognized for its historic significance to César Estrada Chiwez and the farm worker movement. César Chiwez is one of the most revered civil rights leaders in the history of the United States. From humble beginnings in Yuma Arizona to the founding of the United Farm Workers (UFW) movement César Chévez knew firsthand the hard work of farm workers in the flieds across the United States and their contribution to feeding the Nation. He saw and experienced the difficult conditions and hardships that confronted farm worker familles. And through his hard work perseverance and personal sacrifice he dedicated his life to the struggle for respect and dignity for the farm workers of America.	
		Chaco Culture								Established as Chaco Canyon NM in 1907 and redesignated to Chaco Culture NHP in 1980 through 96th Congress.  More than 10 000 years of human activity is preserved in Chaco Canyon. The Chaco civi ization which flourished	
	NPS	Chaco Culture National Historical Park	New Mexico	Nageezi	1907	Antiquities Act	10 643.13	32 840.14		More than 10 000 years of human activity is preserved in Chaco Canyon. The Chaco Civi ization which Hourished between the 9th and 13th centuries created remarkable achievements in architecture designed landscape art agriculture social complexity economic organization engineering and astronomy. Redesignate as Nr n 1980 through 9th Chongress. On April 2 1938 President Prainkiin D. Roosevelt signed a	
	NPS	Channel Islands National Park	Ca ifornia	Ventura	1938	Antiquities Act	1 119.98	79 018.62		reclamation designating Anacapa and Santa Barbara Islands as Channel Islands National Monument. The first words of the opening paragraph of the proclamation explained why the land warranted preservation and read "Whereas certain public islands lying off the coast of Southern California contain fossils of Pleistocene elephants and ancient trees and furnish noteworthy examples of ancient volcanism deposition and active sea erosion and have situated thereon various other objects of geological and scientific interest"  Throughout his life Charles Young overame countless obstacles in his ascent to prominence. In spite of overt	
	NPS	Charles Young Buffalo Soldiers Monument	Ohio		2013	Antiquities Act	59.65	59.66		racism and stifling inequality. Young rose through the military ranks to become one of the most respected leaders of his time. A well-rounded man with a steadfast devotion to duty. Young led by example and inspired a generation of new leaders.	
	1473	Chesapeake and	Gillo	1	2013	Antiquities Act	33.03	35.00	I	new readers.	
	1	Ohio Canal	1	1	1	1	1	I			
	NPS	National Historical Park	Maryland	Hagerstown	1961	Antiquities Act	5 263.94	14 465.19		Redesignated as NHP in 1971 through 91st Congress. "WHEREAS the Chesapeake and Ohio Canal is of historic and scientific interest and historic structures and objects of scientific interest are situated upon the lands thereof"	

										resources of great value and significance. A thousand years ago the vast Chaco civilization was drawn to the site's	
		Chimney Rock								soaring massive rock pinnacles Chimney Rock and Companion Rock that rise hundreds of feet from the valley floor	
V	US Forest Service	National	Colorado		2012		4 726.00			to an elevation of 7 600 feet. High atop ancient sandstone formations. Ancestral Pueblo People built exquisite stone buildings including the highest ceremonial "great house" in the Southwest.	
Yes	US Forest Service	Monument	Colorado	1	2012	Antiquities Act	4 /26.00		1	buildings including the highest ceremonial "great house" in the Southwest.	
		Chiricahua National								Established under USFS and transferred to NPS in 1933. Established to protect "Certain natural formations known as	
	NPS	Monument Colonial National	Arizona	Wilcox	1924	Antiquities Act	3 655.12	12 022.38		"The Pinnacles " within Coronado National Forestthat are of scientific interest."  Established as ColonialNM and redesignated at Colonial NHP in 1936. Established for the preservation of the	
	NPS		Virginia	Jamestown	1930	Congress		8 605.29		historical structures and remains thereon for the benefit and enjoyment of the people.	
					1						
										Whereas in Mesa County Colorado the extraordinary examples of erosion are of great scientific interest and it	
										appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving these natural formations as a National Monument	
		Colorado National								together with as much public land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof. "President Proclamation "Colorado National Monument Establishment Proclamation 1126" Statutes at •	
	NPS	Monument	Colorado	Fruita	1911	Antiquities Act	13 883.06	20 536.39		Large (24 May 1911) Vol. 37 p. 156.	
			,	•					•	Established as Congaree Swamp National Monument and redesignated a National Park in 2003. ""to preserve and	
		Congaree National								protect for the education inspiration and enjoyment of present and future generations an outstanding example of a	
	NPS	Park	South Carolina	Hopkins	1976	Congress		26 020.66		near-virgin southern hardwood forest situated in the Congaree River floodplain in Richland County South Carolina."	
										Redesignated a National Preserve in 2002 through 107th Congress. "WHEREAS there is located in townships one	
										south one and two north ranges twenty-four and twenty-five east of the Boise Meridian in Butte and Blaine	
										Counties Idaho an area which contains a remarkable fissure eruption together with its associated volcanic cones	
										craters rifts lava flows caves natural bridges and other phenomena characteristic of volcanic action which are of	
										unusual scientific value and general interest; and WHEREAS this area contains many curious and unusual	
										phenomena of great educational value and has a weird and scenic landscape peculiar to itself; and WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving these volcanic features as a National Monument"	
										The Craters of the Moon National Monument and Preserve encompasses approximately 738 000 acres of BLM- and	
										NPS-administered federal land 8 000 acres of state land and 7 000 acres of private land. The decisions made	
										through this planning process apply only to the federal land within the Monument boundary referred to as "the	
										planning area".	
Ī										On November 9 2000 Presidential Proclamation 7373 expanded Craters of the Moon National Monument from	
										roughly 54 000 acres to approximately 753 000 acres including the 738 000 acres of federal land. The President	
										signed this proclamation to ensure protection of the Great Rift volcanic rift zone and its associated features. The	
										Proclamation also placed the lands under the administration of both the National Park Service (NPS) and the Bureau	
										of Land Management (BLM) with each agency having primary management authority over separate portions. In addition on August 21 2002 Public Law (PL) 107-213 116 Statute [Stat.] 1052 designated the NPS portion of the	
										expanded Monument as a National Preserve. While BLM and NPS operate under different laws regulations and	
					1						
										policies which apply to different portions of the planning area the proposed plan provides a jointly developed	
										framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined	
	NDC/DIAA/Canao/Deire	Craters of the								framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas	
Partially	NPS/BLM/State/Priv	Craters of the Moon National Monument	Idaho	Shoshone	1924/2000	Antiquities Act	53 571.05	737 525.00	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
Partially	ate	Moon National Monument	Idaho	Shoshone	1924/2000	Antiquities Act	53 571.05	737 525.00	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High		Shoshone			,	737 525.00	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30 1956. The site was deemed	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
Partially Yes	ate Abolished (Now with	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High	Idaho North Dakota	Shoshone	1924/2000	Antiquities Act	,	737 525.00	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1934 through 103rd Congress: WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook		Shoshone			,	737 525.00	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley	North Dakota		1917	Antiquities Act	253.04		15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based.  Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of Perburary 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereous various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley				Antiquities Act	,	737 525.00 3 321 159.32	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual festures of scientific interest within the said monument;	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley National Park	North Dakota		1917	Antiquities Act	253.04		15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NF in 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 525) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual festures of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress. established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primary laymed at the freest use of the said park for	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate  Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada	Death Valley Denali National Park and	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36	3 321 159.32	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 5254) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation uproposes by the public and for the preservation of aimlass bids and fish and for the preservation of thems.	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley National Park	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada	Death Valley Denali National	1917	Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36		15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NF in 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 525) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual festures of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress. established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primary laymed at the freest use of the said park for	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate  Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS	Moon National Monument  Crow Flies High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada	Death Valley Denali National Park and	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36	3 321 159.32	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 5254) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation uproposes by the public and for the preservation of aimlass bids and fish and for the preservation of thems.	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Files High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve  Devil Postpile National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley Denali National Park and Preserve	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;  Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established [the park] as a game retuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereoft. "(cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate  Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Files High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve  Devil Postpile National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada	Death Valley Denali National Park and	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36	3 321 159.32	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn. 1994 through 10.3rd Congress: WHEREAS cratina public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said mountent; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 90th Congress." established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural Lourisdies and scenic beautist bethered." (C. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Files High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve  Devil Postpile National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley Denali National Park and Preserve	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based.  Redesignated as NP n. 1994 through 10.147 Congress: WHEREAS cratina public lands contriguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said mountent; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress." established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural Curiodistes and scenic beauties thereof. (Cf. Scetions 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of formations as a National Monument."  AND WHEREAS the ionay and isolated opon the public lands owned and	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Files High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve  Devil Postpile National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley Denali National Park and Preserve	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof." (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Stablished under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  AND WHEREAS The Interest Sies with a retractional experiment of the controlled by the United States is such an extractionary example of the	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denall National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley Denali National Park and Preserve	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebnush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP in 1994 through 10.3rd Congress: WHEREAS certain public lands conditions to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;** Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 9th Congress: established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to rard "regulation being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural Curolistics and scein beauties thereof. (f. Sceitons 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  ANU WHEREAS The Ionry and sociated rock in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  ANU WHEREAS The Ionry and sociated rock in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Files High Overlook  Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve  Devil Postpile National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley Denali National Park and Preserve	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP in 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly almed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof." (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USFs. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **AND WHINEAS the protection of the preservation of the public lands owned and object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public controlled by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interests an	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park) NPS NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP in 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar y lamed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof." (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USFs. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postple and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **Review Westables** United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof."	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 10.13rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands conditions to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument.* Redesignated National Park and Preserved here in 1380 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof. (f. Scientors \$ & of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postificand Preservation of the natural way with the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **NOW WITHERS TO Provided by reserving this tower as a National Monument under the promoted by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument Utah. Three east of the Salt Lake Workers in Section 1 end 5	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebush Steppe The Great Rift Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NF in 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHERAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of Petruary 11 1933 (47 Stat. 255) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress. established (the park) as a game retuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly simed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curosities and scenic beauties thereof." (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postplie and Rainhow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  NOW WHEREAS the object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the volici Index owned and controlled by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interests and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 10.13rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands conditions to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument.* Redesignated National Park and Preserved here in 1380 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof. (f. Scientors \$ & of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postificand Preservation of the natural way with the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **NOW WITHERS TO Provided by reserving this tower as a National Monument under the promoted by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument Utah. Three east of the Salt Lake Workers in Section 1 end 5	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument Devils Tower National Monument	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn. 1934 through 103rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1380 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof. (Er. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of formations as a National Monument."  **NOW WYNEARS** the professional section of the natural value of the Post Siover "Stutzed upon the public lands cowned and controlled by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as A National Monument Utant. three east of the Sait Lake	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument Devils Tower National Monument	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978 1911	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n. 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 254) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress." established [the park] as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof." (Cr. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving add formations as a National Monument."  AND "WHEREAS The Ions' and spoated rock in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving this tower as a National monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof."  Whereas in section tended by reserving this tower as a National monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof."  Whereas in section tended by reservi	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denail National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dinosaur National Monument  Dry Tortugas	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes	1917 1933 1978 1911	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn. 1934 through 103rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1380 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof. (Er. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of formations as a National Monument."  **NOW WYNEARS** the professional section of the natural value of the Post Siover "Stutzed upon the public lands cowned and controlled by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be a natural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as A National Monument Utant. three east of the Sait Lake	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denail National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dinosaur National Monument  Dry Tortugas	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado	Death Valley Denail National Park and Preserve Mammoth Lakes Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn. 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS cratina public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated shaliman Park and preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiostities and scenic beauties thereoft. (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).*  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postple and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **NOT WHEREAS The public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument.**  **NOT WHEREAS THE public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument.**  **NOT WHEREAS THE public interests and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as A National Monument Utan. three east or the Sait Lake mendian Utah there is located an extraordinary Peramble deposit of Di	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denail National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dinosaur National Monument  Dry Tortugas	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado	Death Valley Denail National Park and Preserve Mammoth Lakes Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn 1994 through 10:3rd Congress: WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said mountent; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress." established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curoinstics and scein beauties thereof." (C. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of martions as a National Monument."  AND WHEREAS the sony and societies on the state of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving this tower as a National monument unan, three east or the. Sait Lake meridian Utah there is located an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be an antural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good woul	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument Devils Tower National Monument Dry Tortugas National Park	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado	Death Valley Denail National Park and Preserve Mammoth Lakes Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress. established (the park) as a game retuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation uproposes by the public and for the preservation of aimsibs birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and and for the preservation of aimsibs birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and proposes by the public and for the preservation of aimsibs birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and proposes by the public and for the preservation of aimsibs birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations known as the Devil Postple and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interest will be promoted by reserving this source as a National Monument.*  In the propose of the propose of the proper protection thereof.*  In the propose of the propose of the proper protection thereof.*  In the public promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument toget	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dry Tortugas National Park Edison National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes  Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46	3 321 159 32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51 61 481.22	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREAS cratina public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated shaliman Park and preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said gank for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiostities and scenic beauties thereoft. (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).*  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postple and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."  **NOT WHEREAS: The public interests will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument.**  **NOT WHEREAS: The promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument Utan. three east of the Sait Lake meridian Utah there is located an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be an antural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promo	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dry Tortugas National Park Edison National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado  Florida	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes  Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906 1915	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46 1 193.91 80.00 47 125.00	3 321 159.32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn 1994 through 10:3rd Congress: WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said mountent; "Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress." established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar by aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curoinsties and scein beauties thereof." (C. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of ormations as a National Monument."  ANU WHEREAS the Instrument State of the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests and it appears that the public interest with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof."  New Jersen's reserving this tower as a National Monument Uran. three east or the. Salt Lake meridian. Utah there is located an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be an ana	Total land (Federal State private) = 753 000 acres (approx.)
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	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument Devils Tower National Monument Dinosaur National Monument Dry Tortugas National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado  Florida	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes  Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906 1915	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46 1 193.91 80.00 47 125.00	3 321 159 32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51 61 481.22	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendryen National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30. 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as N Pn. 1934 through 10.3rd Congress: WHEREAS certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11. 1933 (47 Stat. 2554) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument; Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulation being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation purposes by the public and for the preservation of animals birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curoinstices and scein beauties thereof. (F. Cisccinos 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917).  Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow Falls within the Sierra National Forest in the State of California are of scientific interest and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving said of ormations as a National Monument."  AND WHEREAS the intra special scientific interest and it appears that the public and sown as the "Devil Srover" situated upon the public lands owned and controlled by the United States is such an extraordinary example of the effect of erosion in the higher mountains as to be an antural wonder and an object of historic and great scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this tower as a National Monument togeth	
,	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park  Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument  Devils Tower National Monument  Dry Tortugas National Park Edison National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado  Florida	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes  Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906 1915	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46 1 193.91 80.00 47 125.00	3 321 159 32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51 61 481.22	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebrush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 10:3rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest. and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 98th Congress. established (the park) as a game retuge and instructed park managers to craft "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation uproposes by the public and for the preservation of aimisab birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and and for the preservation of aimisab birds and fish and for the preservation of the national park and proper servation of the national park of the proper of the proper servation of the national park of the proper of the proper protection thereof.*  In this park of the protecti	
	ate Abolished (Now with ND State Park)  NPS  NPS  NPS  NPS	Moon National Monument Crow Flies High Overlook Death Valley National Park Denali National Park and Preserve Devil Postpile National Monument Dinosaur National Monument Driosaur National Driosaur National Monument Driosaur National Historic Site Effigy Mounds National	North Dakota  Ca ifornia Nevada  Alaska  Ca ifornia  Wyoming  Utah Colorado  Florida	Death Valley  Denali National Park and Preserve  Mammoth Lakes  Devils Tower	1917 1933 1978 1911 1906 1915	Antiquities Act  Antiquities Act	253.04 848 581.36 3 890 000.00 798.46 1 193.91 80.00 47 125.00	3 321 159 32 4 732 650.51 800.19 1 346.91 205 685.51 61 481.22	15 000	framework for cooperative management of the area. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Kipukas Sagebsush Steppe The Great Rift  Verendrye National Monument was delisted from the National Park System on July 30: 1956. The site was deemed to lack the historical significance on which the 1917 proclamation of the national monument was based. Redesignated as NP n 1994 through 103rd Congress. WHEREA Certain public lands contiguous to the Death Valley National Monument established by the Proclamation of February 11: 1933 (47 Stat. 25-54) have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific interest and are necessary for the proper care management and protection of unusual features of scientific interest within the said monument;* Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. established (the park) as a game refuge and instructed park managers to craft. "regulations being primar ly aimed at the freest use of the said park for recreation uproposes by the public and for the preservation of aimiss birds and fish and for the preservation of aimiss birds and fish and for the preservation of aimiss birds and fish and for the preservation of the natural curiosities and scenic beauties thereof." (cf. Sections 5 & 6 of the Act of 1917)."  Established under USES. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS the natural formations known as the Devil Postpile and Rainbow False within the scient of the proper scientific interest will be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument." NAVO WHENEAS THE DIVISION OF TRANSPORT OF TRA	

									In order to preserve for the benefit and enjoyment of present
1									and future generations that area in western New Mexico containing the
									nationally significant Grants Lava Flow the Las Ventanas Chacoan
									Archeological Site and other significant natural and cultural resources there
		El Malpais National							is hereby established the El Malpais National Monument (hereinafter referred
1	NPS	Monument	New Mexico	Grants	1987	Congress	109 946.76		to as the "monument"
									WHEREAS the rocks known as El Morro and Inscription Rock in the Territory of New Mexico situated upon public
									lands owned by the United States are of the greatest historical value and it appears that the public good would be
j		El Morro National							promoted by setting aside said rocks as a national monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper
1	NPS	Monument	New Mexico	Ramah	1906	Antiquities Act	160.00	1 039.92	protection thereof.
		1							Redesignated as National Historical Park in 2014 through 113th Congress. WHEREAS it is in the public interest to
		First State National							preserve and protect the objects of historic interest associated with the early settlement of Delaware the role of
	NPS		Delaware	New Castle	2013	Antiquities Act	1 108.00	1 110.67	Delaware as the first State to ratify the Constitution and the establishment and conservation of Woodlawn;
		Florissant Fossil							
		Beds National							"To preserve and interpret for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations the excellently
	NPS	Monument	Colorado	Florissant	1969	Congress	5 992.32		preserved insect and leaf fossils and related geologic sites and objects." Redesignated as a National Historic site in 139th Circuit Shot Congress. Presidential Proclamation No. 2292 on July
		F							16 1938 (53 Stat. 2461): "Whereas for the purpose of improving preserving and conducting such lands and
		Fort Laramie National Historic							structures as a public historical site; and Whereas the lands and structures are of great historic interest and
l.	NPS							l	constitute a historical landmark; and Whereas it appears that it would be in the public interest to reserve such lands
	NPS	Site	Wyoming	Fort Laramie	1938	Antiquities Act	214.41	871.78	and structures" ranstered to NP's in 1943. AND WHEREAS by section 2 of the Act of Congress appro ed June 8 1906 (34 Stat.
									Tailbailte of NPS in 13-35. AND WHEREAS BY SECTION 2 of the ACL of Congress apply of surine 8 1500 of 24-36t.  225) the President is authorized "in his discretion to declare by upblic proclamation historic landmarks historic and
									223) the resolution administer in this discretion to declare by public proclamation instorts a manufacture in the state of the public proclamation instorts a manufacture in the public proclamation in the public proclamation in the public proclamation instruction and proclamation in the public proclamation in the publ
		Fort Matanzas							prenistric structures and other objects or institute of scientific interest und a residuated upon the lands owner or controlled by the Government of the United States to be national monuments and may reserve as a part thereof
		National							controlled by the Government or the United States to be national monuments and may reserve as a part thereor parcels of land the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compatible with the proper care
	NPS		Florida	Ch Augustis -	1024	Antiquities Act	1.00	298.51	
N	NP3	Monument	riorida	St. Augustine	1924	Antiquities Act	1.00	298.51	and management of the objects to be protected";   No emerous zuzi noi minista in red oblination vine chesapeake and later as riseounii shortiess more
					1				Monroe on Old Point Comfort in Virginia has a storied history in the defense of our Nation and the struggle for
									freedom. Fort Monroe designed by Simon Bernard and built of stone and brick between 1819 and 1834 in part by
					1				enslaved labor is the largest of the Third System of fortifications in the United States. It has been a bastion of
									defense of the Chesapeake Bay a stronghold of the Union Army surrounded by the Confederacy a place of freedom
		Fort Monroe							for the enslaved and the imprisonment site of Chief Blackhawk and the President of the Confederacy Jefferson
		National							Davis. It served as the U.S. Army's Coastal Defense Artillery School during the 19th and 20th centuries and most
	NPS	Monument	Virginia	Fort Monroe	2011	Antiquities Act	325.21	262.58	recently as headquarters of the U.S. Army's Training and Doctrine Command.
	NPS	Wonument	VIIGIIIId	FOIL WIOTITOE	2011	Antiquities Act	323.21	262.36	recently as neadquarters of the 0.5. Army's framing and bocume command.
									historical significance $$ including its role in the Spanish settlement of California and in the $$ mi itary training of
									generations of American soldiers. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak
		Fort Ord National							plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History
E	BLM	Monument	Ca ifornia	Marina	2012	Antiquities Act	14 651.00		plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism 0 Wildlife
E	BLM		Ca ifornia	Marina	2012	Antiquities Act	14 651.00		plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Floria, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism 0 Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various
		Monument Fort Pulaski National							plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Tiora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism  Wildliff Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific
	BLM NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National	Ca ifornia Georgia	Marina Savannah	2012	Antiquities Act	14 651.00 20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Floria, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism 0 Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various
		Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument Fort Stanwix						5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism  Wildliff Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration
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٩	NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument  Fort Stanwix National						5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliffe Stabilished under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great innoptrance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"
٩	NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument  Fort Stanwix National	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism  Wildlif Establish under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Haroid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sunter National Monument
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4	NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument  Fort Stanwix National	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Likes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that It shall be "a public National Memorial commensorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service a occepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1950 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally
4	NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument  Fort Stanwix National	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Hardid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28. 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commemorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property fort the tour beat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired
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4	NPS	Monument Fort Pulasis National Monument Fort Stamwix National Monument Fort Stamwix Fort Stamwix Fort Sumiter	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1945. In this legislation. Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commemorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumter National Monument Including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the
,	NPS	Monument Fort Pulssi National Monument Fort Stamwix National Monument  Fort Sumter National	Georgia New York	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Hertigea and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that It shall be" a public National Memorial commenciating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1980 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 a zero. The park also holds a scenic
,	NPS	Monument Fort Pulasis National Monument Fort Stamwix National Monument Fort Stamwix Fort Stamwix Fort Sumiter	Georgia	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1945. In this legislation. Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commemorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumter National Monument Including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the
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,	NPS	Monument Fort Pulasis National Monument Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument	Georgia  New York  South Carolina	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Hertigea and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Part Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that It shall be" a public National Memoratic pomemorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for Visitors to Fort Sumter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 a serve. The park also holds a scenic easement on 30 acrea adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide eadequate public access thereto the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by donation on he may procure with donated fullion to
, p	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Pulasis National Monument Fort Stanwix National Monument  Fort Stanwix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National	New York  South Carolina	Savannah  Rome  Charleston	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established for the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Haroid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sunter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sunter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sunter National Monument to resolution of Congress capatiles and the service and the service are capeted jurisdiction of Fort Moutrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Stars Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sunter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 acres. The park also holds a scenic easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Moutrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide needed facilities to store the thiotic Clork of Fort United States by donation or he may procure with donated funds. the site and menaling structures of Old Fort United Oldster by the States by donation or he may procure with donated funds. the site and menaling structures of Old Fort United Oldster with such additional land interests in
, p	NPS	Monument Fort Palaski National Monument Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National Monument	Georgia  New York  South Carolina	Savannah	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Hertigae and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Part Service by joint intersolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that It shall be" a public National Memoratic pomemorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for Visitors to Fort Sumter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 a serve. The park also holds a scenic easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide readed ration the fort which the Interior is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by donation on the mescas yn to carry outh the purposes of this Act.  authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by donation on the mescas yn to carry outh the purposes of this Act.
, p	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument Fort Stamwix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National Monument Fort Union National Monument Fort Union National Monument	New York  South Carolina	Savannah  Rome  Charleston	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Sulface and the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Haroid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumier National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumier was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument to resolution of Congress con April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commenorating historical events at or near Fort Sumiter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1980 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumiter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 acres. The park also holds a seciel easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumit
, p	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Palaski National Monument Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Stamvix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National Monument	New York  South Carolina  New Mexico	Rome Charleston	1924 1935 1948	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress  Congress	230.63	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Hertigea and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument it shall be "a public National Memoratic ommenorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1980 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for wistors to Fort Sumter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 a serve. The park also holds a scenic easement on 30 acrea adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to preserve and protect in the public interest the historic Cold Fort Union situated in the county of Mora State of New Mexico and to provide adequate public access thereto the Secretary of the Horitor is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by domation on he heavy procuye w
, ,	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Valional Monument Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National Monument Fort Union National Monument Fort Union National Monument Sert Vancouver National Historic Site	New York  South Carolina	Savannah  Rome  Charleston	1924	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress	20.00	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Sulface and the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the Var Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Haroid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumier National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumier was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument to resolution of Congress catablished Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commensoriating historical events at or near Fort Sumiter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Isles Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumiter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 acres. The park also holds a seciel easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide needed facilities for vistors to Fort Sumiter National Muniment in Louding a tour band to
,	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Sumber Fort Sumber Fort Sumber Fort Sumber National Monument  Fort Sumber National Monument  Fort Union National Monument  Fort Vancouver National Monument Fort Vancouver National Monument Fort Vancouver National Monument Fort Sumber National Monument Fort Sum	New York  South Carolina  New Mexico	Rome Charleston	1924 1935 1948	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress  Congress	230.63	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Hertigea and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildlife Established under the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Harold Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Fort Sumter National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumter was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be" a public National Memoratic ommenorating historical events at or near Fort Sumter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1980 under authority of the Historic Sites Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for wistors to Fort Sumter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 a serve. The park also holds a seenic easement on 30 acrea adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to preserve and protect in the public interest the historic Cold Fort Union situated in the county of Mora State of New Mexico and to provide adequate public access thereto the Secretary of the Interior is authorized to acquire on behalf of the United States by donation on he
, p	NPS NPS	Monument Fort Pulaski National Monument Fort Samvix National Monument  Fort Sumter National Monument  Fort Union National Monument  Fort Union National Monument Fort Vancouver National Historic Site Fossil Butte National	New York  South Carolina  New Mexico	Rome Charleston	1924 1935 1948	Antiquities Act  Congress  Congress  Congress	230.63	5 365.13	plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Juan Batista de Anza NHT Military Heritage and History Plants, Flora, Grasslands, and Oak Recreation and Tourism Wildliff Sulface and the War Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the Var Department in 1924 and transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS there are various military reservations under the control of the Secretary of War which comprise areas of historic and scientific interest;"  Authorized in 1935 but established in 1973 after acquisition. "a national monument for the benefit and inspiration of the people." Secretary of the Interior Haroid Ickes recommended that the bill be passed noting that the area is "the site of a battle of great importance in American history and is worthy of federal protection"  Three separate congressional acts contributed to Port Sumier National Monument as it is known today. Fort Sumier was transferred from the War Department to the National Park Service by joint resolution of Congress on April 28 1948. In this legislation Congress established Fort Sumter National Monument to resolution of Congress catablished Fort Sumter National Monument providing that it shall be "a public National Memorial commensoriating historical events at or near Fort Sumiter." The National Park Service accepted jurisdiction of Fort Moultrie in 1960 under authority of the Historic Isles Act of 1935. Additionally the property for the tour boat facility at Liberty Square in Charleston was acquired in 1986 in order to provide needed facilities for visitors to Fort Sumiter National Monument including a tour boat dock and associated facilities. Today the boundary of the park encompasses 196.9 acres. The park also holds a seciel easement on 30 acres adjacent to Fort Moultrie.  Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled That in order to provide needed facilities for vistors to Fort Sumiter National Muniment in Louding a tour band to

NPS NPS PS Bureau of	Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve George Washington Birthplace NM	Alaska	Gates of the Arctic National Monument	1978		8 220 000.00			means as to leave them unimpaired for	
		Ca ifornia	Fresno	2000	Antiquities Act				Biological Geological Prehistoric Historic resources	Designated by: Presidential Proclamation 7295
NPS							533.13		Iwineness' true group or curr or europe stor in as tree our more syrings.  Cliff-Houses which is situated upon public fain of the Mogollon Mountains within the cilia National Forest in the Territory of New Moxico is of exceptional scientific and educational interests being the best representative of the Cliff-Dwellers' remains of that region and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving these runs as a National Monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection	Supplemental From the Front State Control of the St
									"AND WHEREAS the region is said by the Ecological Society of America to contain a great variety of forest covering consisting of mature areas bodies of youthful trees which have become established since the retreat of the ice which should be preserved in absolutely natural condition and great stretches now bare that will become forested in the course of the next century AND WHEREAS this area presents a unique opportunity for the scientific study of	
	National Park and								ancient interglacial forests AND WHEREAS the area is also of historic interest having been visited by explorers and scientists since the early voyages of Vancouver in t 794 who have left valuable records of such visits and	
BLM	Gold Butte National Monument	Nevada		2016	·		3.200 690,20	0	December 28 2016: In southeast Nevada lies a landscape of contrast and transition where dramatically chiseled red sandstone twisting canyons and tree-clad mountains punctuate flat stretches of the Mojave Desert. This remote and rugged desert landscape is known as Gold Butte. The Gold Butte area contains an extraordinary variety of diverse and irreplaceable scientific historic and prehistoric resources including vallaplant and wildlife habitat significant geological formations rare fossils important sites from the history of Native Americans and remnants of our Western mining and ranching heritage. BM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports.  **Procuramoun Post** Feroirary** 2003 Unit me nortit p or Gold emors island at the communication and	Of the 296 937 acres the 11 779 acres currently managed by USBR will be transferred to BLM.  Proclamantion 2016: "The Secretary of the Interior (Secretary) shall manage the monument pursuant to applicable legal authorities which may include the provisions of section 603 of the Federal Land Po icy and Management Act (43 U.S.C. 1723) governing the management of wilderness study areas to protect the objects identified above.  Of the approximately 396 937 acres of Federal lands and interests in lands reserved by this proclamation approximately 383 LSB acres are currently managed by the Secretary through the Bureau of Land Management (EUM) and approximately 11 779 are currently managed by the Secretary through the Bureau of Land Management (EUM) and approximation the Secretary shall consistent with applicable legal authorities transfer administrative jurisdiction of the BDR lands within the boundaries of the monument to the BLM. The Secretary through the BLM shall manage lands within the monument that are subject to the administrative jurisdiction of the BLM as a unit of the National Landscape Conservation System."
									East Rivers stand two fortifications that served as an outpost to protect. New York City from sea attack. These two important historic objects Castle Williams and Fort Jay are part of a National Historic Landmark District designated in 1985. Between 1806 and 1811 these fortifications were constructed as part of the First and Second American	
									Systems of Coastal Fortification. Castle Williams and Fort Jay represent two of the finest examples of defensive structures in use from the Renaissance to the American Civil War. They also played important roles in the War of	
NPS		New York	New York	2001	Antiquities Act	20.00	22.41		1812 the American Civil War and World Wars I and II.	
NPS	Grand Canyon National Park (Grand Canyon National Monument and Marble Canyon National Monument)	Arizona	Grand Canyon	1908/1919/1932 /1969	Antiquities Act	808 120.00	1 180 650 85		[273 145 acres] added in 1932 through Antiquities Act. "WHEREAS the Grand Canyon of the Colorado River is an object of unusual scientific interest being the greatest eroded canyon within the United States; and WHEREAS that portion of the canyon which continues down the Colorado River below the Grand Canyon National Park contains much that is most significant and important in this unusual scientific interest; and WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving this portion of the Grand Canyon as antional monument with such other land as is necessary for its proper protection." In 1969 Marble Canyon National Monument was established [32 546.69 acres) and then incorporated into Grand Canyon NP in 1975 through 93rd Congress. WHEREAS the Marble Canyon of the Colorado River in Actiona a northerly continuation of the world-renowned Grand Canyon np consesses unusual geologic and paleontologic features and objects and other scientific and natural values; and WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving the federally owned lands encompassing Marble Canyon in order to permanently protect such features and objects and objects.	The Grand Canyon National Monument and the Marble Canyon National Monument were added to the Grand Canyon National Park.
	PS Bureau of Reclamation (USBR)  NPS  NPS	National NPS  National NPS  Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve  George Washington Birthplace NM  Bureau of Reclamation (USBR)  NPS  Gilar C iff Dwellings  Glacier Bay National Park and Preserve  Gold Butte National Park and NPS  Grand Canyon National Monument  Grand Canyon National Monument and Marbie Canyon National	NPS   National   New York    NPS   National Park and Preserve   Alaska    NPS   George Washington   Sirhplace NM   Virginia    Bureau of Reclamation (USBR)   Mon   Ca ifornia    NPS   Gilat Sequoia Nat.    NPS   Gilat Ciff Dwellings   New Mexico    NPS   Silat Ciff Dwellings   New Mexico    NPS   Preserve   Alaska    Governors Island   National   National   National Park    NPS   Monument   New York    Grand Caryon   National Park    New York   New York    New York   New York    New York   National Park    New York   National Park	NPS   National   Monument   Alabama   Birmingham	NPS National Alabama Birmingham 2017  Gates of the Arctic National Preserve Alaska Monument 1978  George Washington Preserve Alaska Monument 1978  Bureau of Giant Sequoia Nat. Reclamation (USBR) Mon Ca ifornia Fresno 2000  NPS Gila C iff Dwellings New Mexico Silver City 1907  Silver City 1907  Gold Butte National Preserve Alaska Gustavus 1925  Gold Butte National Monument Nevada Las Vegas 2016  Governors Island National Monument New York New York 2001  Grand Carryon National Monument New York New York 2001  Grand Carryon National Monument and Marbite Carryon National Monument and Marbite Carryon National Nat	NPS Monument Alabama Birmingham 2017 Antiquities Act  Gates of the Arctic National Park and Preserve Alaska Monument 1978 Antiquities Act  PS George Washington Birthplace NM Virginia Colonial Beach 929 Congress  Bureau of Giant Sequola Nat.  Reclamation (USBR) Mon Ca iffornia Fresno 2000 Antiquities Act  NPS Gila C iff Dwellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act  NPS Gila C iff Dwellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act  NPS Preserve Alaska Gustavus 1925 Antiquities Act  BLM Monument Nevada Las Vegas 2016 Antiquities Act  Governors Island National Monument Nevada Las Vegas 2016 Antiquities Act  Grand Canyon National Park Monument New York New York 2001 Antiquities Act  Grand Canyon National Monument and Marbic Canyon National Monument and Marbic Canyon National Monument and Marbic Canyon National Na	NPS National Park and Norman Alabama Birmingham 2017 Antiquities Act 5.96  Gates of the Arctic National Park and Alaska Monument 1978 Antiquities Act 8.220.000.00  PS Simplace NM Virginia Colonial Beach 92.9 Congress Total Acres - 327.769  Bureau of Giant Sequola Nat. Reclamation (USR) Mon California Fresno 2000 Antiquities Act 3.036 (-)  NPS Giala C iff Dwellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Dwellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58  Giala C iff Owellings New Mexico Silver City 1907 Antiquities Act 1.379.315.58	National   Alabama	NPS	Section Services   Section Section Services   Section Sec

BLM/NPS NPS	Grand Canyon- Parashant National Monument Grand Portage National Monument	Arizona Minnesota	St. George	2000	Antiquities Act  Congress	1014 000.00		27 291	January 11 2000: The Grand Canyon-Parashant National Monument is a vast biologically diverse impressive landscape encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This remote area of open undeveloped spaces and engaging scenery is located on the edge of one of the most beautiful places on earth the Grand Canyon. Despite the hardships created by rugged solution and the lack of natural valvers the monument has a long and not human history spanning more than 11 000 years and an equal y rich geologic history spanning almost 2 billion years. Full of natural splendor and a sense of solutide this area remains remote and unspoiled qualities that are essential to the protection of the scientific and historic resources it contains. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Cave and Karst Resources (Cultural Resources) Historic Resources Pre-historic Resources Physical resources - Facilities Vegetation and Range Resources L'stabilished as a National Historic: Site and redes gnated a National Monument in 1958. "Whereas the Advisory Soard on National Parks: Historic Sites Buildings and Monuments has declared that the historic Grand Portage Trail between Lake Superior and the Pigeon River in northern Minnesota is of national significance because of its important association with the fur trade the exploration and colonization of the Northwest and its location as a historical and geographical ink between the United States and Canada"  austere landscape embraces a spectacular array of scientific and historic resources. This high rugged and remote region where bold plateaus and multi-hued diffs run for distances that dely human perspective was the last place	
ВІМ	Grand Staircase- Escalante National Monument	Utah	Kanab	1996	.Antiquities Act	1700 000.00	1866134.00	14 130	in the continental United States to be mapped. Even today this unspoiled natural area remains a frontier a quality that greatly enhances the monument's value for scientific study. The monument has a long and dignified human history, it is a place where one can see how nature shapes human endeavors in the American West where distance and aridity have been pitted against our dreams and courage. The monument presents exemplary opportunities for geologists paleontologists archeologists historians and biologists. The monument is a geologic treasure of clearly exposed stratigraphy and structures. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plansa and/or manager's reports. Including: 200 Bird Species Archaeological sites Arches and Natural Birdiges Bald Eagles Bear Burning Hills coal seams Canyon Bottom Floristic Communities Circle Cliffs Cowboy line camps, currently used Cowboy line camps, bistoric Cryptoblotic Crusts (biological soil crusts) Desert Bighorn Sheep Habitat Diversity of Wildlife Spp. Dunal Pocket Floristic Communities East Kaibab Monocline - The Cockscomb Endemic plants and their pollinators Escalante Natural Bridge Forestry (Ponderosa Pine) Frontier character	
NPS/Bureau Reclamation	Grand Teton National Park (Jackson Hole au of National on (USBR) Monument)	Wyoming	Moose			210 950.00	307 830.79		Established as Jackson Hole National Monument and redesignated as Grand Teton NP in 1950 through 81st Congress. "WHEREAS the area in the State of Wyoming known as the Jackson Holecountry including that portion thereof which is located in the Teton National Forest contains historic landmarks and other objects of historic and scientific interest that are situated upon lands owned or controlled by the United States; and WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by establishing the aforesaid area as a national Monument to be known as the Jackson Hole National Monument:	Previously National Monument land—now national park. On September 14 1950 the original 1929 Park and the 1943 National Monument (including Rockefeller's donation) were united into a "new" Grand Teton National Park creating present-day boundaries. Of the total National Park acreage Reclamation total ares is 70 05-10.
NPS NPS	Great Basin National Park Great Sand Dunes National Park and Preserve	Nevada Colorado	Baker Mosca	1922			77 180.00 136 373.84		National Park in 1986 through the 99th Congress. Established for the scientific values of the Wheeler Peak-Lehman Caves region of the Snake Range Nevada representative of the numerous Great Basin mountain ranges. "WHEREAS certain natural caves known as the Lehman Caves which are situated upon partly surveyed lands within the Nevada National Forest in the State of Nevada are of unusual scientific interest and importance and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving these caves with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a National Monument."  redesignated National Park and Preserve in 2000 through 106th Congress. WHEREAS it appears that the public interest would be promoted by including the lands hereinafter described within a national-monument for the preservation of the great sand dunes and additional features of scenic scientific and educational interest;" established as Sanka Ross Islands MM and incorporated into curi Islands Ns in 1346 through 75th Tongress.	
NPS	Gulf Islands National Seashore Hagerman Fossil Beds National Monument	Florida	Gu f Breeze Hagerman	1939	Antiquities Act  Congress	9 500.00 4 334.65	99 779.27		"WHIERAS certain Government-owned lands in the State of Florida have situated therein various objects of geological and scientific interest; and WHERAS I appears that it would be in the public interest to reserve such lands as a national monument to be known as the Santa Rosa Island National Monument." SEC. 301. (a) In order to preserve for the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations the outstanding paleontological sites known as the Hagerman Valley fossl sites to provide a center for continuing paleontological research and to provide for the display and interpretation of the scientific specimens uncovered at such sites there is hereby established the Hagerman Fossil Beds National Monument (hereinafter in this title referred to as the "monument")	
FWS/Burea Reclamation		Washington	Benton Franklin and Grant Counties WA	2000	Antiquities Act	194 450.93			landscape encompassing an array of scientific and historic objects. This magnificent area contains an irreplaceable natural and historic legacy preserved by unusual circumstances. Maintained as a buffer area in a federal reservation conducting nuclear weapons development and more recently environmental cleanup activities with limits on development and human use for the past 50 years the monument is now a haven for important and increasingly scarce objects of scientific and historic interest. Bisected by the stunning Hanford Reach of the Columbia River the monument to activate the past remnant of the shrub-steppe ecosystem that once blanketed the Columbia River Basin. The monument is also one of the few remaining archaeologically rich areas in the western Columbia Plateau containing well-preserved remnants of human history spanning more than 10 000 years. The monument to equally rich in a geologic history with dramatic landscapes that reveal the creative forces of tectonic volcanic and erosive power. The monument is a biological treasure.	
NPS & FWS	Underground Railroad National	Maryland	Church Creek	2013	Antiquities Act	11 750.00	480.00		Partially redesignated as NHPin 2014 through 113th Congress. WHEREAS it is in the public interest to preserve and protect the objects of historic and scientific interest associated with Harriet Tubman and the Underground Railroad in Dorchester County Maryland.	

									Hohokam Pima National Monument recognizes the archaeological remains of Snaketown a Hohokam vi lage
	Hohokam Piman								inhabited from about 300 AD to around 1200 AD. Not open to the public. Established "to preserve and interpret for
NPS	National	Arizona	Coolidge	1972	Congress	1 690.00		1 690.00	the benefit and inspiration of the people a site containing significant archeological values including the irrigation systems in the valleys of central Airzona developed by the Hohokam and Pima Indians and their descendants'
INPS	Monument	Arizona	cooliage	1972	Congress	1 690.00		1 090.00	
1									Established and then abolished by Congress in 1950. "WHEREAS the figure in the form of a Greek Cross found on
1	Holy Cross National								the side of the Mount of the Holy Cross in the State of Colorado is an object of much public interest; and WHEREAS the proper protection of the part of the mountain on which this .figure is found appears to be desirable.
Abolished	Monument	Colorado		1933	Antiquities Act				
•	Homoste - 4								WHEREAS pursuant to the Act of March 19 1936 (49 Stat. 1184) I the Secretary of the Interior was an auditorial description by building the Company of the Co
	Homestead National								directed to acquire on behalf of the United States the S1/2NW1/4 NE1/4NW1/4 and SW1/4NE1/4 section 26 township 4 north range 5 east Sixth Principal Meridian Gage County Nebraska to be designated as "The
NPS	Monument	Nebraska	Beatrice	1936	Congress	160.00	205.18		Homestead National Monument of America:"
									resoural y as 2015 — the formation material materials are the safe por error reminder or one need to protect civil liberties in times of conflict and the effects of martial law on civil society. Honoului is in sationally
1	1								significant for its central role during World War II as an internment site for a population that included American
1									citizens resident immigrants other civilians enemy soldiers and labor conscripts co-located by the U.S. military for
1	1								internment or detention. While the treatment of Japanese Americans in Hawai'i differed from the treatment of Japanese Americans on the U.S. mainland in was that are detailed below the leesacy of recial protequidge warri
1	Honouliuli National								hysteria and failure of political leadership during this period is common to the history of both Hawai'i and the
NPS	Monument	Hawaii	Waipahu	2015	Antiquities Act	123.00	123.02	1	mainland United States.  Established as wound C. Ly ofoup NW to protect the mounds as an object of great nistoric and scientific interest.
									and should be permanently preserved and protected from all depredations and from all changes that will to any
									extent mar or jeopardize their historic value." Redesignated Hopewell Culture NHP in 1992 through 102nd Congress.
	Hopewell Culture								"AND WHEREAS the said" Mound City Group" of prehistoric mounds located within the Camp Sherman Military Reservation Ohio is an object of great historic and scientific interest and should be permanently preserved and
	National Historical								Reservation Unio is an object or great nistoric and scientific interest and should be permanently preserved and protected from all depredations and from all changes that will to any
NPS	Park	Ohio	Chilicotthe	1923	Antiquities Act	57.00	1 146.35		extent mar or jeopardize their historic value"  Estamisment or propess and up severe your groups or rains including structures or the intest prenistoric intasonity to de
									estabilise or protect and preserve roon groups on rooms incouning structures or one intense premission; massing to pre- found in the United States. "WHEREAS there are in southwestern Colorado and southeastern Utah four groups of
1	1								ruins including prehistoric structures the majority of which belong to unique types not found in other National
1				1					Monuments and show the figure property in the United States and WARREAS, the said four groups of saids are distributed upon
1	Hovenweep								the finest prehistoric masonry in the United States; and WHEREAS the said four groups of ruins are situated upon the public lands owned and controlled by the United States and it appears that the public good would be promoted
1	National								by reserving these prehistoric remains as a National Monument with as much land as may be necessary for the
NPS	Monument	Utah Colorado	Cortez CO	1923	Antiquities Act	285.80	784.93		proper protection thereof*
									June 9 2000: The landscape of the Ironwood Forest National Monument is swathed with the rich drought-adapted
									vegetation of the Sonoran Desert. The monument contains objects of scientific interest throughout its desert
									environment. Stands of ironwood palo verde and saguaro blanket the monument floor beneath the rugged
									mountain ranges including the S Iver Bell Mountains. Ragged Top Mountain is a biological and geological crown jewel amid the depositional plains in the monument. The monument presents a quintessential view of the Sonoran
									Jewel amot the depositional pians in the monument. The monument presents a quintessential view or the sonoran Desert with ancient legume and cartis (forests, BMI resources, objects and values are further defined through
									management plans. Including: Drought Adapted Vegetation
									Ironwood trees  Rock Art and Archeological
									Nock Art and Archeological Rugged Mountain Ranges
	Ironwood Forest								Scientific Interest
BLM	National	Arizona	Tueser	2000	Ambiguities	138.017.00	120.022.00	59 573	T&E Species
DLM	Monument	Arizona	Tucson	2000	Antiquities Act	128 917.00	129 033.00	39 5/3	Views of Ancient legume and cactus forests Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. WHEREAS the natural formation known as the Jewel Cave
1	1								which is situated upon the public land within the Black Hills National Forest in the State of South Dakota is of
NPS	Jewel Cave	South Dakota	Custer	1908	Antiquities Act	1 274.56	1 273.51		scientific interest and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving this formation as a National Monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof*
12		- Julii Dukuta	Luster	12000	. unaquades Act	1	1	1	For establishment as the John Day Fossil Beds National Monument. Oregon, those lands depicted on the map
									entitled "Boundary Map John Day Fossil Beds National Monument" numbered NM-JDFB-20 014-A and dated June 1971: Provided That the national monument shall not be established unless and until the State of Oregon donates
									1971: Provided I mat the national monument shall not be established unless and unit time state or ureging both the state of ureging both the ureging both the state of ureging both the ureg
									further That the Secretary shall not acquire a fee title interest to more than one thousand acres of privately owned
NIDE	John Day Fossil	Orenen	Kimbo +	1074	Canarar		12.456.16		lands except by donation or exchange: Provided further That the Secretary shall designate the principal visitor
NPS	Beds	Oregon	Kimberly	1974	Congress		13 456.16		center as the "Thomas Condon Visitor Center"; Redesignated as NP in 1994 through 103rd Congress. "WHEREAS certain public lands in the State of California
1.	Joshua Tree		Twentynine						contain historic and prehistoric structures and have situated thereon various objects of historic and scientific
NPS	National Park	Ca ifornia	Palms	1936	Antiquities Act	825 340.00	779 188.51	1	interest; "
									January 17 2001: Located on the Pajarito Plateau in north central New Mexico the Kasha-Katuwe Tent Rocks
									January 17 2001. Considered in the "papin for received in information when we well of the Assistance will be a series of
									the geologic processes that shape natural landscapes as well as other cultural and biological objects of interest. The
									area is rich in pumice ash and tuff deposits the light-colored cone-shaped tent rock formations that are the products of explosive volcanic reuptions that cocurred between 6 and 7 million years ago. Small canyons lead inward
									products of explosive voicanic eruptions that occurred between 0 and 7 million years ago. Small carpylosis lead inward from cliff faces and over time wind and water have scooped openings of all shapes and sizes in the rocks and have
									contoured the ends of the ravines and canyons into smooth semicircles. In these canyons erosion-resistant caprocks
									protect the softer tents below. While the formations are uniform in shape they vary in height from a few feet to 90 feet and the layering of volcanic material intersperses bands of grey with beige-colored rock. <b>BLM resources</b> ,
									teet and the layering or volcanic material intersperses bands of grey with beige-colored rock. <b>BLM resources</b> , bijects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Geologic
	Kasha-Katawe Tent								Resources
D144	Rocks National	N N	5	2004		4.440.00	4.545	757	Cultural Resources
BLM	Monument	New Mexico	Santa Fe	2001	Antiquities Act	4 148.00	4 645	/5/	Biological Resources
1	1								
1	1								Designated by President Obama through the Antiquities Act the 413th unit of the National Park System comprises
1	Katahdin Woods								87 500 acres of lands donated to the National Park Service including the East Branch of the Penobscot River and its tributaries one of the most pristine watersheds in the Northeast. These lands will remain accessible to current and
1	and Waters			1					trobutaries one of the most pristine watersneds in the Northeast. These lands will remain accessible to current and future generations of Americans ensuring the rich history of Mainers' hunting fishing and recreation heritage will
1	National								forever be preserved. The new National Monument is located adjacent to the 209 644-acre Baxter State Park the
 NPS	Monument	Maine	Patten	2016	Antiquities Act	87 563.00	87 564.27		location of Maine's highest peak. Mt. Katahdin (5 267 feet) and the northern terminus of the Appalachian Trail.

									Receignated as Astrian inational Parts and Preser e in 1960 unrough 96th Congress. And WhetherAs Dwinding Katmai one of the volcanoes in this belt has proved upon investigation to have unusual size and character and to
									be of importance in the study of volcanism inasmuch as its eruption of June 1912 was one of excessive violence
		Katmai National							ranking in the first order of volcanic explosive eruptions and emitting several cubic miles of material during its first
	NPS	Park and Preserve	Alaska	King Salmon	1918	Antiquities Act	1 088 000.00	3 611 403.12	three days of activity."
				Kenai Fiords					Redesignated National Park in 1980 through 96th Congress. "To conserve the scenery and the natural and instoric objects and the wild life therein and to provide for enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such means as to
		Kenai Fjords		National					leave them unimpaired for
	NPS	National Park	Alaska	Monument	1978	Antiquities Act	570 000.00	603 129.86	the enjoyment of future generations.""
									Redesignated National Park in 1980 through 96th Congress. "To conserve the scenery and the natural and historic
				Kobuk Valley					objects and the wild life therein and to provide for enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such means as to
	NPS	Kobuk Valley National Park	Alaska	National Monument	1978	Antiquities Act	1 710 000 00	1 714 098 46	leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations."
	INFO	INACIONAL PAIR	Aldaka	Lake Clark	1576	Antiquities Act	1710 000.00	1714 036.40	the enjoyment of tubule generatoris.  Redesignated National Park and Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. To conserve the scenery and the natural
		Lake Clark National		National					and historic objects and the wild life therein and to provide for enjoyment of the same in such manner and by such
	NPS	Park and Preserve Lassen Volcan c	Alaska	Monument	1978	Antiquities Act	2 500 000.00	3 740 648.76	means as to leave them unimpaired for the enjoyment of future generations.
		National Park							
		(Cinder Cone							Established under US Forest Service as Cinder Cone National Monument incorporated into Lassen Volcano NP in
	NPS	National	Ca ifornia		1907				1916 through 64th Congress. Established due to "great scientific interest as illustrations of volcanic activity which National monument incorporated into National Park. National Parks is 106 448.11
	NPS	Monument)	Ca ifornia	Mineral	1907	Antiquities Act	5 120.00		are of special importance in tracing the history of the volcanic phenomena of that vicinity. acres.
		olc ational Park II							Established in US Forest Service as Lassen Peak NM. Incorporated into NPS in 1916 through Congress Both areas
1		assen Peak							were set aside for the purpose of "tracing the history of the volcanic phenomena of that vicinity." The 1 280-acre
		ational							Lassen Peak National Monument contained only the summit and immediate slopes of this southernmost mountai National monument incorporated into National Park. National Park is 106 448.11
	NPS	Monument)	a ifornia	M neral	1907	Antiquities Act	1 280.00		n the Cascade Range which the proclamation described as a long line of extinct volcanoes."
									Whereas certain lands adjacent to the Lava Beds National Monument in the State of California established by
	NPS/Bureau of	Lava Beds National							Proclamation No. 1755 of November 21 1925 contain cliffs with petroglyphic carvings from a prehistoric period; Designated by: Presidential Proclamation 1755 and Presidential Proclamation 2925
	Reclamation (USBR)	Monument	Ca ifornia	Tule Lake	1925; 1951; 2008	Antiquities Act	45 589.92	46 692.42	and Whereas a large cinder cone important to the geologic interpretation of the Lava Beds National Monument Reclamation manages about 1 815 acres.
	Abolished (Now with	Lauria and Class							WHEREAS an extraordinary limestone cavern situated in Jefferson County
Yes		Caverns State Park	Montana	Whitehall	1908	Antiquities Act	160.00		Montana is of great scientific interest and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving the same w
						1		L	Established as Custer Battlef e d NM and renamed in 1991. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of
									Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the area now within the Custer
		Little Bighorn Battlefield National							Battlifield National Cemetery in the State of Montana shall hereafter be known as the "Custer Battlefield National Monument" under which name this national monument shall be entitled to receive and to use an moneys
	NPS	Monument	Montana	Billings	1946	Congress		765.34	heretofore or hereafter appropriated for the Custer Battlefield National Cemetery."
				I	1				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
									Proclamation 8335 January 6 2009: Over approximately 480 nautical miles the Mariana Archipelago encompasses
									the 14 islands of the United States Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and the United States Territory
									of Guam that sit atop the Mariana Ridge in an area known as the Mariana Volcanic Arc. The Mariana volcanic Arc is part of a subduction system in which the Pacific Plate plunges beneath the Philippine Sea Plate and into the Earth's
									part or a subduction system in wind inter-ratio, trace junges dement one rimippine sea rate and into use activis mantle creating the Mariana Trench. Six of the archipelage's islands have been volcanically active in historic times
									and numerous seamounts along the Mariana Ridge are volcanically or hydrothermally active. The Mariana Trench is
									approximately 940 nautical miles long and 38 nautical miles wide within the United States Exclusive Economic Zone
									and contains the deepest known points in the global ocean.
									To protect and preserve the known volcanic areas of the Mariana Ridge the marine environment around the islands of Farallon de Pajaros Maug and Asuncion in the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands and the Mariana
		Marianas Trench	Pacific Ocean						or radiation be rajation madig and solution in the continuous action on the routine in material islants, and the mail and
		Marine National	(Northern						most biologically diverse in the Western Pacific and include the greatest diversity of seamount and hydrothermal  Of the total acreage Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM) oversees 96 714
Partially	FWS & NOAA	Monument	Marianas)		2009	Antiquities Act	60 938 240.00		ent life yet discove ed acres
									No. 7395 January 17 2001 The Minidoka Internment National Monument is a unique and irreplaceable historical
									resource which protects historic structures and objects that provide opportunities for public education and
									interpretation of an important chapter in American history—the internment of Japanese Americans during World War II.
									American instory—the internment or Japanese Americans ouring words war it.  On February 19 1942 President Frank in D. Roossevelt signed Executive Order 9066
									authorizing the Secretary of War and military commanders to designate military areas
									from which "any or all persons may be excluded" and to "provide for residents of any such
									area who are excluded therefrom such transportation food shelter and other
									accommodations as may be necessary. "Starting in early 1942, military authorities began designating military e exclusion areas in the States of California Washington Oregon and Arizona and the territory of Alaska. Following
									exclusion areas in the states of Lalifornia Washington Uregon and Arzona and the territory of Alaska. Hollowing the signing of Executive Order 9066 American citizens and resident a lens of Japanese ancestry ling in the
									designated exclusion areas were ordered to
									evacuate their homes and businesses and report to temporary assembly centers located at
									fairgrounds horse racetracks and other make-shift facilities.
									To provide more permanent accommodations for the evacuess President Roosevelt established the War Relocation Authority (WRA1 in March 1942. The WRA oversaw the
									established the War Kelocation Authority (WKA) in March 1942. The WKA oversaw the construction of ter relocation centers on Federally owned lands in remote a rease of six
									western States and Arkansas including the Minidoka Relocation Center in Idaho.
									Alaskan Native residents of the Aleutian and Pribiloff Islands and members of other
									ethnic and religious groups were also relocated or interned during the course of the war.
									Established in August 1942 the Minidoka Relocation Center also known as the Hunt Site was located on Federal lands in Forem County in south central Idahon. During its
									site was located on trederal alons ureforme County in sourn central loans. During its  operation from August 1942 to October 1945 the population reached a peak of 9 397
									Japanese Americans from Washington State Oregon and Alaska. The Center included
									over 33 000 acres of land with administrative and residential facilities located on
	NPS	Minidoka National Historic Site	Idaho	Hagerman	2001	Antiquities Act	72.75	388.30	approximately 950 acres. The Center had more than 600 buildings including definitions of the control of the con
	ליווו	nistoric sité	папо	riagerman	2001	Antiquities Act	12.15	300.3U	administrative religious residential educational mess medical manufacturing

									February 12 2016: The Mojave Trails area of southern California is a stunning mosaic of rugged mountain ranges ancient taya flows and sopractuaule sand dunes, It is a landscape defined by scarcity and shaped by travel. The area
									exemp ifies the remarkable ecology of the Mojave Desert where the hearty insistence of life is scratched out from
									unrelenting heat and dryness. This punishing environment has also forged the unique human history of the area
									from ancient settlements uprooted by a changing climate to the armies of General George S. Patton Jr. as they
									trained for battle in North Africa. With historic American trading routes trails followed by Spanish explorers a transcontinental rail line and the Nation's most famous highway the Mojaye Trails are tells the American story of
									transcontinental rail line and the viation's most ramous nighway the Mojave Trails state tells the American story or exploration migration and commerce. The Mojave Trails area is an invaluable treasure and will continue to serve as
									exponención inigiation ano conimeter. In evolver intalia area is an invaluable desarrel and win continue o serve as an irreplaceable national resource for geologists ecologists archaeologists on an distorians for generations to come.
		Mojave Trails							BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports.
		National							Including: geology paleontological resources springs and riparian areas Rare plant species unique invertebrates
	BLM	Monument	Ca ifornia	Needles	2016	Antiquities Act	1 600 000.00		0 and archaeological resources No. 696 December 8 1906 34 Stat. 3265: WHEREAS the prehistoric structure known as Montezuma s Castle in the
		Montezuma Castle							Territory of Arizona situated upon public lands owned by the United States is of the greatest ethnological value and
		National							scientific interest and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving this ruin as a national
	NPS	Monument	Arizona	Camp Verde	1906	Antiquities Act	161.39	998.69	monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof;
									Monument Proclamation #793 January 9 1908 (35 Stat.2174) "Whereas an extensive growth of redwood trees
	NPS	Muir Woods	Ca ifornia	Mill Valley	1908	Antiquities Act	295.00	522.98	embraced in said land is of extraordinary scientific interest and importance because of the primeval character of the forest in which it is located and of the character are and size of the trees."
	INTS	IVIUII VVOOUS	Ca IIOIIIIa	Ivilli Valley	1300	Antiquities Act	233.00	322.30	
									Established as Meriwether Lewis NM and then combined into Natchez Trace National Scenic Trail. "WHEREAS said
									relinquishments and conveyances have been accepted by the Secretary of the Interior in the manner and for the
		Natahan T.							purposes prescribed in said Act of Congress and WHEREAS the grave of Captain Meriwether Lewis marked by a
		Natchez Trace National Scenic							monument erected by the State of Tennessee is located on this tract of land and WHEREAS the distillar land effective services of Capital in Meriventher Lewis as an officer of the United States Army, as the leader of the Lewis
	NPS	Trail	Tennessee	Hohenwald	1925	Antiquities Act	50.00	10 995.00	enectives services of capital interinective Lews as all officer of the Online States which, as the reader of the United States which as the Capital of the Capital States and Clark Expedition; and as Governor of the Louisians Territory are of transcendent importance to the Nation*
						1			
								1	"WHEREAS the Natural Bridges National Monument embracing three extraordinary natural bridges together with
I		Natural Bridges			1				forty acres of land around each bridge was created by Proclamation of the President dated April 16 1908 and 247 248 VIII. WHEREAS at the time this monument was created nothing was known of the location and character of the
		National						1	248 VIII. WHENEXS at the time this monument was created nothing was known or the location and carriacter of the prehistoric ruins in the vicinity of the bridges nor of the location of the bridges and the prehistoric cave springs also
	NPS	Monument	Utah	Blanding	1908	Antiquities Act	120.00	7 636.49	hereby reserved, with reference to the ptiblic Surveys, the same being many miles from surveyed land."
				-			·		WHEREAS a number of prenistoric citif oweil ngs and pueblo ruins situated
									within the Navajo Indian Reservation Arizona and which are new to
									science and wholly unexplored and because of their isolation and size are of the very greatest ethnological scientific and educational interest and it
									or the very greatest ethnological scientific and educational interest; and it appears that the public interest would be, promoted by reserving these
		Navajo National							extraordinary ruins of an unknown people with as much land as may be
	NPS	Monument	Arizona	Shonto	1909	Antiquities Act	360.00		necessary for the proper protection thereof
									Receignate o National Preser e in 1990 through 99th Congress. The Monark is the largest mountain ringed three bash in the Nation still virtual bu unaffected by technological human activity. The bash has been
								1	ringed river basin in the Nation still wrtua ly unaffected by technological human activity. The basin has been designated as a Biosphere Reserve under the United Nation's auspices in recognition of its international importance
								1	oesignated as a slosphere reserve under the united wation's auspices in recognition or its international importance for scientific study and research.
								1	The area includes landforms and ecological variations of scientific interest. The Grand Canyon of the Noatak River is
I					1				a dissected valley 65 miles long. The area contains the northwestern most fringe of boreal forest in North America
		Noatak National			1				and is a transition zone and migration route for plants and animals between subarctic and arctic environments. The
	NPS	Preserve	Alaska	L	1978	Antiquities Act	5 880 000.00	6 549 227.93	diversity of the flora is among the greatest anywhere in the earth's northern latitudes.
									September 15 2016: For generations communities and families have relied on the waters of the northwest Atlantic
									Ocean and have told of their wonders. Throughout New England the maritime trades and especially fishing have
									supported a vibrant way of life with deep cultural roots and a strong connection to the health of the ocean and the bountly it provides. Over the past several decades the Nation has made great strides in its stewardship of the ocean
									oounty it provides. Over the past several oecades the Nation has made great strices in its stewardship or the ocean but the ocean faces new threats from varied uses climate change and related impacts. Through exploration we
									continue to make new discoveries and improve our understanding of ocean ecosystems. In those waters the
									Atlantic Ocean meets the continental shelf in a region of great abundance and diversity as well as stark geological
									relief. The waters are home to many species of deep-sea corals fish whales and other marine mammals. Three
									submarine canyons and beyond them four undersea mountains lie in the waters approximately 130 miles
									southeast of Cape Cod. This area (the canyon and seamount area) includes unique ecological resources that have
									long been the subject of scientific interest. The canyons start at the edge of the geological continental shelf and
	FWS & NOAA:	Northeast Canyons							drop from 200 meters to thousands of meters deep. The seamounts are farther off shore a the start of the New England Seamount chain rising thousands of meters from the ocean floor. These canyons and seamounts are home
	Bureau of Ocean	and Seamounts	Atlantic						England seamount chain ingritousanus or meets indir uite deceninour. These carryons and seamounts are nome to at least \$4 species of deep-sea corals which live at depths of at least \$4 spot enters below the sea surface. The
	Energy Management								corals together with other structure-forming fauna such as sponges and anemones create a foundation for vibrant (Proclamation 9496)
Partially	(BOEM)	Monument	etts	N/A	2016	Antiquities Act	3 144 320.00		deep-sea ecosystems providing food spawning habitat and shelter for an array of fish and invertebrate species. Of the total acres BOEM manages 4 913 acres.
									WHEREAS it appears that certain lands adjoining the Lamar Unit of the Octobigee National Monument in Georgia
I					1				which have been donated to the United States contain evidence of an old Indian stockade and other objects of
	NPS	Ocmulgee National Monument	Georgia	Macon	1936	Congress		701.54	historical interest; and WHEREAS it appears that it would be in the public interest to set such lands aside for national monument purposes:
	13	Old Kasaan	Scorgia	Iacon	12230	Congress		1.02.54	promoting par poses.
		National							
	Abolished	Monument	Alaska		1916	Antiquities Act			Abblished by Congress in 1955. Estaolished under U-s-3 on wount Clympus NW. Tansterred to NY-5 in 1953 and redesignated Clympic National
								1	extabilistic under Costs and wount Crympus NM. ransierred to Ne's in 1933 and redesignated crympic National Park in 1938 through 75th Congress. WHEREAS the slopes of Mount Olympus and the advents tummits of the
								1	Olympic Mountains in the State of Washington within the Olympic National Forset enhance certain objects of
								1	unusual scientific interest including numerous glaciers and the region which from time immemorial has formed the
								1	summer range and breeding grounds of the Olympic Elk (Cervus roosevelti) a species peculiar to these mountains
		Olympic National			1			1	and rapidly
	NPS	Park	Washington	Port Angeles	1909	Antiquities Act	639 200.00	913 547.00	decreasing in numbers; Established under U.S. ransterred to NPS in 1953 and redesignated at Uregon Ca es National Monument and
									Established under USES. ransterred to NE's in 1933 and redesignated at Oregon Ca e Stational Monument and Preserve in 2014 through 113th Congress. "WHEREAS certain natural cases known as the Oregon Caves which are
									Preserve in 2014 through 115th Congress. Whenevas Certain natural caves known as the Uregon Laves which are situated upon unsurveyed land within the Siskyon Valional Forest in the State of Oregon are of unusual Scientific
		Oregon Caves							interest and importance and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving these caves with as
		Oregon Caves National							interest and importance and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving these caves with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof
	NPS		Oregon	Cave Junction	1909	Antiquities Act	465.80	4 554.03	

Partially (BOEM)	Organ Mountains- Desert Peaks National Monument Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument	New Mexico L	Las Cruces 2014 Ajo 1937	Antiquities Act Antiquities Act	496 330.00 330 690.00		,77 008	May 21 2014: In southern New Mexico surrounding the city of tas Cruces in the Río Grande's fertile Mesilla Valley five iconic mountain ranges rise above Chihuahuan Desert grasslands: the Robledo Sierra de las Uvas Doña Ana Organ and Potrillo Mountains. These mountain ranges and lowlands form the Organ Mountains-Desert Peaks area. The Organ Mountains-Desert Peaks area is important for its ruggedly beautiful landscape and the significant scientific historic and prehistoric resources found there. The abundant resources testify to over 10 000 years of vibrant and diverse human history of many peoples. Objects left behind by this multi-layered history and spread throughout this geologically and ecologically diverse landscape enhance the experience of visitors to the area and represent a value resource for palentologists and enclogists geologists biologists and historians. Bluft resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Archeological Resources Biological and Ecological Resources Geological Resources Paleontological Resources	
FWS & NOAA; Bureau of Ocean Energy Managem (GOEM)	National Monument  Pacific Remote Islands		Ajo 1937	Antiquities Act	330 690.00			Whereas certain public lands in the State of Arizona contain historic landmarks and have situated thereon various	
FWS & NOAA; Bureau of Ocean Energy Managem (GOEM)	National Monument  Pacific Remote Islands		Ajo 1937	Antiquities Act	330 690.00				
FWS & NOAA; Bureau of Ocean Energy Managem (GOEM)	Pacific Remote Islands	Arizona A	Ajo 1937	Antiquities Act	330 690.00			objects of historic and scientific interest; and Whereas it appears that it would be in the public interest to reserve such lands as a national monument to be known as the Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument: Proclamation	
Bureau of Ocean Energy Managem Partially (BOEM)	Islands					329 365.29		2232—April 13 1937	
	ent Marine National Monument		N/A 2009	Antiquities Act	55 608 320.00	313 941 851.32			(Proclamations 8336 9173) Of the total amount of acres BOEM manages 370 000 acres.
AZ State Park	Papago Park	Arizona	1914	Antiquities Act	2 050.43			Transferred to AZ through 71st Congress.	
Partially FWS & NOAA; BO	Papahanaumokual ea Marine National EM Monument vith Part of Old Fort	l Pacific Ocean N	N/A 2006/201	5 Antiquities Act	89 600 000.00	372 848 597.00		National Monument in 2007. To protect and preserve the marine area of the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands including the Northwestern Hawaiian Islands Coral Reef Ecosystem Reserve the Midway National Wridliffe Refuge the Hawaiian Islands National Wridliffe Refuge and the Battle of Midway National Memorial that support a dynamic reef ecosystem with more than 7 000 marine species. It is home to endangered green sea leatherback and hawksbill sea turtles; the Caretian Woodpecker and the Hawaiian Mouse; along with fourteen m llion nesting seabirds. The area holds great cultural significance to Native Hawaiians and has a connection to early Polynesian	(Proclamations 8031 8112) Of the total acres BOEM manages 582 578 acres.
Yes NY State)	Niagara State Park		Cross 1925	Antiquities Act	0.01			Transferred to NY in 1949 through 81st Congress.	
Yes US Forest Service	Part of Sequoia National Forest - Giant Sequoia National Monument Part of Tongass	Ca ifornia	2000	Antiquities Act	327 769.00			diverse array of scientific and historic resources. Magnificent groves of towering giant sequoias the world's largest trees are interspersed within a great belt of coniferous forest; jeweled with mountain meadows. Bold granitic domes spires and plunging gorges texture the landscape. The area's elevation climbs from about 2 500 to 9 700 feet over a distance of only a few miles capturing an extraordinary number of habitats within a relatively small area. This spectrum of ecosystems is home to a diverse array of plants and animals many of which are rare or endemic to the southern Sierra Nevada. The monument embraces limestone caverns and holds unique paleontological resources documenting tens of thousands of years of ecosystem change. The monument also has many archaeological sites recording Native American occupation and adaptations to this complete landscape and historic remnants of early Euroamerican settlement as well as the commercial exploitation of the giant sequoias. The monument provides exemplary opportunities for biologists geologists paleontologists archaeologists and historians to study these objects.	
Yes US Forest Service		Alaska	1916	Antiquities Act	43.00			1955.	
Yes US Forest Service	Part of Tongass National Forest	N	Admiralty Island National Monument 1978	Antiquities Act	1100 000.00			Proclamation 4611 December 1 1978: Admiralty Island is outstanding for its superlative combination of scientific and historic objects. Admiralty Island contains unique resources of scientific interest which need protection to assure continued opportunities for study. Admiralty Island has been continuously inhabited by Tlingit Indians for approximately 10 000 years. Archeological sites and objects are plentful in the areas of Angoon Chalk Bay Whitewater Bay and other bays and inlets on the Island. These resources provide historical documentation of continuing value for study. The continued presence of these natives on the Island and to the scientific and historical value of the area. The cultural history of the Tlingit Indians is rich in ceremony and creative arts and complex in its social legal and oplitical systems. Admiralty provides a unique combination of archeological and historical resources in a relatively unspoiled natural ecosystem that enhances their value for scientific study. Subsequent to exploration and mapping by Captaine George Vancouver at the end of the 18th entury. Russian fur traders Yankee whalers and miners and prospectors have left objects and sites on Admiralty which provide valuable historical documentation of white settlement and exploitation of the Island and its resources. Admiralty Island is rich in historic structures and sites including whaling stations canneries old mining structures and old village sites for example Killisnoo Village where a whaling and herring saltery station were established in 1880. Unusual aspects of the Island cology includes the highest known density of nesting baid eagles (more than are found in all the other States combined); large numbers of Alaska brown bear; and the largest unspoiled coastal island ecosystem in Noture. Admirative the selegated as bear and eagle management areas and numerous scientific studies of the Island cology includes the highest known density of nesting baid eagles (more than are found in all the other States combined); large num	

									scientific and historical features unique in North America. It is an essentially untouched two million-acre area in the
									Coast Mountains of Southeast Alaska within which are found nearly all of the important geological and ecological
									characteristics of the region including the complete range of coastal to interior climates and ecosystems in a remarkably compact area. Among the objects of geologic importance are extraordinarily deep and long fiords with
									ternarkany compact, a lea. Among nie objects on geologic importance are extraordinaling used p and only more and with a sea cliffs rising thousands of feet. Active glaciers along the Canadian border are remnants of the massive ice bodies
									that covered the region as recently as about 10 000 years ago at the end of the Pleistocene epoch. However there
									have been periodic glacial advances and retreats in more recent historic periods. Some of the area has been free
									from glaciation for only a short period of time creating the unusual scientific phenomenon of recent plant
									succession on newly exposed land with the accompanying animal species. The Behm Canal the major inlet at the
									heart of the area is more than fifty miles long and extraordinary among natural canals for its length and depth. The
									watershed of the Unuk River which comprises the northern portion of the Misty Fiords area has its headwaters in Canada. It is steeply mountainous and elacited and contains the full ranee of ecosystems and climates from interior
									callada. It is steepy modulatious and graculed and contains the fun range of ecosystems and cuminets from interior to coastal. Mineral springs and lava flows add to the uniqueness of the area and its value for scientific investigation.
									South of the Unuk the Chickamin River System and the Le Duc River originate in active glaciers and terminate in
									Behm Canal. Further south Rudyerd Bay Fiords and Walker Cove are surrounded by high cold lakes and mountains
									extending eastward to Canada. First inhabitants of Misty Fiords may have settled in the area as long ago as 10 000
									years. The area contains cultural sites and objects of historical significance including traditional native hunting and
									fishing grounds. Later historical evidence includes a mid-1800's military post-port entry on Tongass Island and a
									salmon cannery in Behm Canal established in the late 1800's. Misty Flords is unique in that the area includes wildlife representative of nearly ever vecosystem in Southeast Alaska, most notably bald eagles brown and black bears
									representative or nearly every ecosystem in Southerst raisks a most notably basic nearly every ecosystem in Southerst raisks and each so that of the company
									mouse workes mountain goals and sink unker-index user, withinterious order on into species nest and need in the area notably factors and waterfood. Misty Fiords is a major producer of all five species of Pacific salmon and is especially
									industry factors and water row, mistry minds a a major produce or an investment as a special specially important for kine salmon. Numerous other saltwater freshwater and anadromous faths species and shellfish are
									Important to Anija Samiori. Numerous view advised in estimated and anadomous risk apecies and aniential and plentiful in this area, which is an extraordinarily fertile interface of marine and freshwater environments. Unusual
	Part of Tongass								plant life includes Pacific silver and subalpine fir trees near the northern limit of their range. The area includes an
	National Forest -		Misty Fjords						unusual variety of virgin forests ranging from coastal spruce-hemlock to alpine forests. As an intact coastal
US Forest Service	Misty Fjords NM	Alaska	National	1978	Antiquities Act	2 285 000.00			ecosystem Misty Fiords possesses a collective array of objects of outstanding value for continuing scientific study.
	Part of White River		Holy Cross National	1					
US Forest Service		Colorado	Monument	1929	Antiquities Act	1 392.00			Established under USFS transferred to NPS transferred back to USFS through 81st Congress.
123 - Great Service	. Authorium Forest		1. Mondament	1-323	. areiquides Act	152.00		·	
									Established as a NM and redesignated as a National Historical Park in 1990. "Set apart and preserved for the benefit
	Pecos National								and enjoyment of the American people a site of exceptional historic and archaeological importanceincluding the
NPS	Historical Park	New Mexico	Pecos	1965	Congress		6 361.24	1	remains and artifacts of the seventeenth century Spanish mission and ancient Indian pueblo." (PL 89-54) Established as Perry y Victory and international Peace Memorian INational Moniment by Hankini D. Koose et on
	Perry's Victory and								Listabilistic as Fig. 3 victory and international reactive minimal national influence by Fig. 1936 (Proclamation No. 2182); redesignated a National Memorial and renamed on October 26, 1972, for
	International Peace								the preservation of the historical associations connected
	Memorial National								therewith to inculcate the lessons of international peace by arbitration and disarmament and for the benefit and
NPS	Monument	Put-In-Bay	Ohio	1936	Antiquities Act		23.14		enjoyment of the people: Commencing at the intersection of the middle line of Del
NDC	Petrified Forest	Asiana	Describing Forces	1006	Autionities Ast	60 776.02	145 070 01		Redesignated a NP in 1958 through the 85th Congress. Dec. S. 1901: 34 Stata. 326s: WHEREAS the mineralized remains of Mesozoic forests commonly known as the "Petrified Forest." in the Territory of Arizona situated upon the public lands owned and controlled by the United States are of the greatest scientific interest and value and it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving these deposits of fossilized wood as a National
NPS	National Park	Arizona	Petrified Forest	1906	Antiquities Act	60 7/6.02	146 930.01	I	monument with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof; In order to preserve to the benefit and enjoyment of present and future generations that area in New Mexico
	Petroglyph								containing the nationally significant West Mesa Escarpment the Las Imagines National Archeological District a
	National								portion of the Atrisco Land Grant and other significant natural and cultural resources and to facilitate research
NPS	Monument	New Mexico	Albuquerque	1990	Congress	2 936.37			activities associated with the resources there is hereby estab ished the Petroglyph National Monument WHENEXS THE NATIONAL STATEMENT OF THE NATIONAL
									a series of caves underlying them which are situated upon public lands
									within the Pinnacles National Forest in the State of California are of
									scientific interest and it appears that the public interests would be promoted
									by reserving these formations and caves as a National Monument with as
									much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof." Redesignated as Pinnacles National Park in 2013
NPS	Pinnacles	Ca ifornia	Paicines	1908	Antiquities Act	1 320.00	26 674.91		through 112th Congress. Established as the monument affords the only water between Hurricane and Fredonia a distance of 6.2 miles; that
	Pipe Springs			1					Union Castle was used as a place of refuge from hostile Indians by early settlers; that it was the first station of the
	National			1					Deseret Telegraph in Arizona; and that it appears that the public good would be promoted by reserving the land on
NPS	Monument	Arizona	Fredonia	1923	Antiquities Act	40.00			which Pipe Spring and the early dwelling place are located as a National Monument
									AC OF AUGUS 25 193 ES ABLISHINS PIPES ONE NA TUNAL MUNUMEN A NA ACC of establish the Pipestone
									National Monument in the State of Minnesota approved August 25: 1937 (50 Stat. 804) (a) Establishment; households by the Senata and House of Representative of the United State of America in Conners.
									boundaries Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled That the lands lying in Pipestone County Minnesota within the area hereinafter described are dedicated
									assembleu That the lands lying in Pipescone county william the data internative trest best local are executed as a national monument for the benefit and enjoyment of the people of the United States under the
	Pipestone National				Congress		281.78		name of the "Pipestone National Monument":
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					January 17 2001: Pompeys Pillar National Monument is a massive sandstone outcrop that rises from an almost two- acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only
NPS		Minnesota	Pipestone	1937					acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs
	Monument  Pompeys Pillar National		Pipestone						acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big. Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs and inscriptions left by wistors have transformed this geologic phenomenon into a living journal of the American West. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources
NPS BLM	Monument  Pompeys Pillar	Minnesota  Montana	Pipestone	2001	Antiquities Act	51.00		0.00	acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs and inscriptions left by visitors have transformed this geologic phenomenon into a living journal of the American West. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources  Natural Resources
	Monument  Pompeys Pillar National		Pipestone			51.00		0.00	acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big. Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs and inscriptions left by wistors have transformed this geologic phenomenon into a living journal of the American West. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources Natural Resources Establishes the Poverty Point National Monument in Louisiana. Requires the Secretary of the Interior within two
	Pompeys Pillar National Monument		Pipestone			51.00		0.00	acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs and inscriptions left by visitors have transformed this geologic phenomenon into a living journal of the American West. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources  Natural Resources
	Pompeys Pillar National Monument Poverty Point National		Pipestone			51.00		0.00	acre base on the banks of the Yellowstone River 150 feet toward Montana's Big Sky east of Billings. The monument's premier location at a natural ford in the Yellowstone River and its geologic distinction as the only major sandstone formation in the area have made Pompeys Pillar a celebrated landmark and outstanding observation point for more than eleven thousand years of human occupation. Hundreds of markings petroglyphs and inscriptions left by wistors have transformed this geologic phenomenon into a living journal of the American West. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Heritage Resources Natural Resources Establishes the Poverty point National Monument in Louisiana. Requires the Secretary of the Interior within two years after enactment of this Act to develop and implement a management plan for such monument. Authorizes

NPS	Russe I Cave National Monument	Alabama	Bridgeport	1961	Antiquities Act	310.45			contain outstanding archeological and ethnological evidences of human habitation in excess of 8.00 years; and Whereas the Advisory Board on National Parks Historic Sites Buildings and Monuments impressed by the scientific importance and educational value of Russell Cave has recommended that the cave be permanently preserved as a unit of the National Park System; and Whereas Russell Cave and essential adjoining properties have been donated by the National Geographic Society to the American people for preservation as a national monument;	
FWS & NOAA	Rose Atoll National Monument	American Samoa		2009	Antiquities Act	8 608 640.00			Proclamation 8337. January 6 2009: In the Pacific Ocean approximately 130 nautical miles east-southeast of Pago Pago Harbor American Samoa lies Rose Atoll—the easternmost Samoan island and the southernmost point of the United States. This small atoll which includes the Rose Atoll National Wildlife Refuge with about 20 acres of land and 1 600 acres of lagoon remains one of the most pristine atolls in the world. The lands submerged lands waters and marine environment around Rose Atoll Support a dynamic rede ecosystem that is home to a very diverse assemblage of terrestrial and marine species many of which are threatened or endangered.  Proclamation 3413 May 11 1961: Whereas Russell Cave in the State of Alabama is recognized by scientists to	13 451 sq. miles
FWS	Rose Atoll Marine National Monument	Pacific Ocean (American Samoa)	N/A	2009	Antiquities Act	8 609 045.00			necessary for the care and management of the historic and scientific objects therein including a dynamic reef ecosystem with a diverse assemblage of terrestrial and marine species many of which are threatened or endangered.	(Proclamation 8337)
Bureau of Ocean Energy Management (BOEM)		nautical miles east- southeast of Pago Pago Harbor	n/a	2009	Antiquities Act	13 436.00			whitetip blacktip and gray reef sharks. snappers jacks groupers and barracudas. Species that face depletion elsewhere are found in abundance at Rose Atoll including giant clams. Maori wrasse large parroffishes and blacktip whitetip and gray reef sharks. Humpback whales, pilot whales and porpoise have all been spotted at Rose Atoll.  To protect and preserve the lands submerged lands waters and manne environment around Rose Atoll as	
BLM	Monument	New Mexico  Approximately 130	Taos	2013	Antiquities Act	242 555.00		68 020.00	Wildlife Resources Took run to the most pristing attins in the Confidence of a dynamic received year that is more to a diverse assemblage of marine species many of which are threatened or endangered. Its shallow reefs are distinct from those found in other Samoan islands. The marine area provides nesting grounds for green and hawksbill turtles. The waters within and surrounding the Rose Adolf Monument are frequented by numerous large predators such as	
	Rio Grande del Norte National								March 25 2013: In far northern New Mexico the Rio Grande Wild and Scenic River flows through a deep gorge at the edge of the stark and sweeping expanse of the Taos Plateau. Volcanic cones including the Cerro de la Olla Cerro San Antonio and Cerro del Yuta jut up from this surrounding plateau. Canyons volcanic cones wild rivers and native grasislands harbor vital wildlife habitat unique geologic resources and imprints of human passage through the landscape over the past 100 Oly oyears. This extraordinary landscape of extreme beauty and daunting harshness is known as the Rio Grande del Norte and its extraordinary landscape of extreme beauty and daunting harshness is known as the Rio Grande del Norte and its extraordinary array of scientific and historic resources offer poportunities to develop our understanding of the forces that shaped northern New Mexico including the diverse ecological systems and human cultures that remain present today. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Cultural Resources Geological Resources	
MPC	Reconstruction Era National Monument		Beaufort County		Antiquities Act	3.20			The Reconstruction Era began during the Civil War and lasted until the dawn of Jim Crow racial segregation in the 1890s. It remains one of the most complicated and poorly understood periods in American History, During Reconstruction four million African Americans newly freed from bondage sought to integrate themselves into free society into the declarational economic and political life of the country. This began in late 1861 in Beaufort County S.C. after Union forces won the Battle at Port Royal Sound and brought the Lowcountry along the South Caro ina coast under Union control. More than 10 000 slaves remained there when their owners fled the cotton and rice plantations. The then-Lincoln Administration decided to initiate the Port Royal Experiment' in Beaufort County to plantations. The then-Lincoln Administration decided to initiate the Port Royal Experiment' in Beaufort County to Beaufort County to The Reconstruction Fra National Mountement includes four sites in Beaufort County: Darrah Hall and Brick Baptist Chrurch within Penn School National Historic Landmark District on St. Helena Island that includes the site of one of the country's first schools for freed slaves and a church built by slaves for their owners in 1855 and then turned over to the former slaves in 1862 when their owners left the area; The Camp Saxton Site on U.S. Navy property in Port Royal where some of the first African Americans joined the U.S. Army and the site where elaborate ceremonies were held on New Year's Su y 1863 to announce and celebrate the issuance of the Emancipation Proclamation, and The Old Beaufort Firebouse an historic building located in the instance of the Emancipation Proclamation, and The Old Beaufort Firebouse an historic building located in the	
NPS	Rainbow Bridge National Monument	Utah	Lake Powell	1910	Antiquities Act	160.00			form and appearance much like a rainbow and which is three hundred and nine feet high and two hundred and seventy-eight feet span is of great scientific interest as an example of eccentric stream erosion and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by reserving this bridge as a National Monument together with as much land as may be needed for its protection;	
NPS	Pullman National Monument	Illinois	Chicago	2015	Antiquities Act	0.24	0.40		Diverse people whose stories intertwine in Pullman sought Opportunity. Some succeeded. Others were limited by race gender or economic status. Their stories came together in the town of Pullman a planned community famed for its urban design and architecture. Designed as a utopia: it was a place to provide workers with a safe community a better standard of living and life without social ills. WHEREALS an extraorromary natural pronge naving an arch which is n	
NPS	President Lincoln and Soldier's Home National Monument	D.C.	Washington	2000	Antiquities Act	2.30			the White House to take up residence during the warm weather months at Anderson Cottage a home in northwest Washington D.C. on the grounds of a site then known as the Soldiers' Home. It is estimated that President Lincoin spent one quarter of his presidency at this home riding out to it many evenings from late June until early November. This house and its grounds are objects of great historic significance and interest. It was here in September of 1862 that President Lincoin completed the drafting of the Emanication Proclamation.	
BLM	Prehistoric Trackways National Monument	New Mexico	Las Cruces	2009	Congress	5 255.00		0	Educational Resources Paleontological Resources Recreational Resources Scenic Resources Scientific Resources BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Educational Resources Paleontological Resources Recreational Resources Scientific Resources Scientific Resources Scientific Resources Scientific Resources	

NPS	Historical Pa	ark Alaska	Sitka	1310	Antiquities Act	57.00	58.22		within the reserved area.
MDC	Sitka Nation		Sitka	1910	Antiquities Act	57.00	59 77		of the Russian conquest of Alaska in 1804 and also the site of the former village of the Kik-Sit tribe the most warlike of the Alaskan Indians; and that here also are the graves of a Russian midshipman and six sailors ki led in the conflict and numerous totem poles constructed by the Indians which record the genealogical history of their several clans and WHEREAS under the general laws of Alaska it has been found difficult to prevent vandalism within the reserved area."
									Congress. "WHEREAS within the limits of the public park created by proclamation June 21 1890 near Sitka Alaska is located the decisive battle ground
Delisted	Shoshone C NM	avern Wyoming		1909	Antiquities Act	210.00	0.00		many windings and ramifications and containing vaulted chambers of large size magnificently decorated with sparking crystals and beautiful stalactites and containing impenentable Isin's of size as stientific interest and value to the people of the United States and it appears that the public interest would be promoted by "reserving it as a National Monument together with as much land as may be needed for its protection: Establishment and as may be needed for its protection:
NPS	Monument	Nebraska	Gering	1919	Antiquities Act	2 053.83	2 954.21		WHENEAS a call erring the state or wyoming or unknon in extent out or
	Scotts Bluff National								rock formations named Crown Rock Dome Rock Eagle Rock Saddile Rock and Sentinel Rock. "WHEREAS Scotts Bluff is the highest known point within the State of Nebraska affording a view for miles over the surrounding country; WHEREAS Mitchell Pass lying to the south of said bluff was traversed by the old Oregon Trail and said bluff was used as a landmark and rendezvous by thousands of immigrants and frontiersmen travelling said trail en out te for new homes in the Northwest; and WHEREAS in view of these facts as well as of the scientific interest the region possesses from a geological standpoint. It appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving the lands upon which the said bluff and the said passar are located as a national monument.
									Scotts Bluff is an important 19th century geologic formation and landmark on the Oregon Trail and Mormon Trail. It contains multiple bluffs on the south side of the North Platte River but it is named after a prominent bluff called Scotts Bluff which rises more than 380 feet above the plains at its highest point. The monument is composed off two
BLM	Santa Rosa Jacinto Moi National Monument	untains	Palm Springs	2000/2009	Congress	177 128.00		110 926	Biological Resources - Peninsular ranges bighorn sheep Biological Resources - Peninsular ranges bighorn sheep Cultural resource values Recreational resource values BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports.
BLM & Service	Sand to Sno & US Forest National e Monument	w Ca ifornia	Palm Springs	2016	Antiquities Act	154 000.00		0.00	together a mosaic of spectacular landscapes stretching over 200 m les. The mountain peaks of the Sand to Snow area frame the northeastern reach of Coachella Valley along with the Sand Rosa and San Jacinto Mountains National Monument to the south. Home to desert oases at Big Morongo Canyon and Whitewater Canyon the area serves as a refuge for desert dewling animals and a stopover for migrating birds. The archaeological riches of the Black Lava Buttes and the historical remains of mining and ranching communities tell of past prosperity and struggle in this and land. The unbroken expanse is an invaluable treasure for our Nation and will continue to serve as an irreplaceable resource for archaeologists geologists and biologists for generations to come. BLM resources objects and values are defined through management plans. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: human history of the area, geology, plant and willdiffe species diversity, desert riparian habitats, threatened and endangered plant and animal species; recreational opportunities, scientific research, and other studies.
									February 12 2016: The Sand to Snow area of southern California is an ecological and cultural treasure a microcosm of the great geographic diversity of the region. Rising from the floor of the Sonoran Desert to the tallest peak in southern California the area features a remarkable diversity of plant and animal species. The area includes a portion of the San Bernardino National Forest and connects this area with Joshua Tree National Park to the east knitting together a mosaic of spectacular landscapes stretching over 200 m less for the mountain peaks of the Sand to Snow
RI M.	San Juan Isl National Monument	ands Washington	Lopez Island	2013	Antiquities Act	970.00		0.00	March 25 2013: Within Washington State's Puget Sound lies an archipelago of over 450 islands rocks and pinnacles known as the San Juan Islands. These islands form an unmarched landscape of contrasts where forests seem to spring from gray rock and distant sone-caped peaks provide the backtory for sandy beaches. Numerous wild if species can be found here thriving in the diverse habitats supported by the Islands. The presence of archeological sites historic lighthouses and a few tight-hist communities testifies that humans have mavaigated this rugged landscape for thousands of years. These lands are a refuge of scientific and historic treasures and a classroom for generations of Americans. BlM resources, object-and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Diverse Habitats Historic Lighthouses Native American Sites Wildlife
es US Fore	National Monument	Ca ifornia		2014	Antiquities Act	346 177.00			mountains in the winter and their trail system and historic sites throughout the year. The San Gabriels are some of the steepest and most rugged mountains in the United States.
	San Gabriel Mountains								October 10 JUJ4: Known as the crown to the Valley of Angeis the peaks of the San Gabriel Mounta as frame the Los Angeles Sylinio. Over 15 million people lie we within 90 minutes of this Island of green which provides 70 percent of the open space for Angelenos and 30 percent of their drinking water. Millions recreate and rejuvenate in the San Gabriels each year seeking out their cool streams and canyons during the hot summer momths their sowncapped
NPS	Salinas Puel Missions Na Monument	ational	Mountainair	1909	Antiquities Act	160.00	985.13		Established as Gran Quivira NM in 1909 and redesignated Salinas Pueblo Missions NM in 1988. "WHEREAS one of the largest and most important of the early Spanish church ruins commonly' known as the Gran Quivira together with numerous Indian pueblo ruins in its vicinity situated in Socorro County."
NPS	Saguaro Na Park	Arizona	Tucson	1933	Antiquities Act	53 510.08	87 517.75		lands are of outstanding scientific interest because of the exceptional growth thereon of various species of cacti including the so-called giant cactus it appears that the public interest will be promoted by reserving as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a national monument."
									Established under USFS transferred to NFS and redesignated as NF in 1994 trirough 1USFG Congress. WHEREAS a certain area within the Catalina Division of the Coronado National Forest in the State of Arizona and certain adjacent

	BIM	Sonoran Desert National Monument	Arizona	Phoenix	2001	Antiquities Act			10.000	January 17 2001: The Sonoran Desert National Monument is a magnificent example of untrammeled Sonoran desert landscape. The area encompasses a functioning desert ecosystem with an extraordinary array of biological scientific and historic resources. The most biologically diverse of the North American deserts the monument consists of distinct mountain ranges separated by wide valleys and includes large saguaro cactus forest communities that provide excellent habitat for a wide range of wildlife species. The monument's biological resources include a spectacular diversity of plant and animal species. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Archeological and Historic Cresoste Bush-Bursge, Desert Grassland, and Washes Desert Washes Diversity Plant and Animal Species Functioning Desert Ecosystem Saguaro Cactus Saguaro Cactus Sand Tank Mountains Scientific analysis of plant species and climate Wildlife
	Delisted (WY State Park; administered	Spirit Mountain	ATIZOTIA	Prideriix	2001	Antiquities Act	460 149.00		10 000	Wilding
Partially	by BLM)	Cave	Wyoming		1909	Antiquities Act	210.00			Transferred to WY in 1954 through 83rd Congress.  Estatunisieu as vivi in 1994 through 83rd Congress.
	NPS	St Croix International Historic Site	Maine	Calais	1949	Congress	6.00			NM in 1948 and redesignated a NHS in 1961. Established 'for the purpose of establishing a Federal area of national historical importance for the benefit of the people of the United States: the Secretary of the Interior is hereby authorized to accept for national monument purposes on behalf of the United States the donation of all non-Federal lands and interests in land situated on Saint Croix (Dochet) Island located in the Saint Croix River in the State of Maline. The Secretary is authorized to acquire in such manner as he may consider to be in the public interest not to exceed fifty acres of land or interests therein situated on the mainland such property to be used for general administrative purposes and for a landing dock in order to provide a suitable approach and ready access to the island.
	NPS	Statue of Liberty National Monument	New York	Fort Wood	1924	Antiquities Act	2.50	58.38		Established as Fort Wood under the War Dept in 1924. Transferred to NPS in 1933 and redesignated Statue of Liberty MM in 1965. "AND WHEREAS by section 2 of the Act of Congress approved June 8. 1906 (3.4 Stat. 225) the President is authorized "in his discretion to declare by public proclamation historic landmarks historic and prehistoric structures and other objects of historic or scientific interest that are situated upon the lands owned or controlled by the Government of the United States to be national monuments and may reserve as a part thereof parcels of fand the limits of which in all cases shall be confined to the smallest area compared.
	NPS	Stonewall National Monument	New York	New York	2016	Antiquities Act	0.12			Stonewall National Monument serves as the first national monument that honors the history of the Lesbian Gay Bisexual and Trangender (LGBT) community in the United States. The site played a pivotal role in the nation's LGBT civil rights movement. The new monument is located at Christopher Park a historic community park at the intersection of Christopher Street. West 4th Street and Grove Street directly across from the Stonewall fin in Manhattaris's Greenwich Village. The monument's boundary encompasses approximately? 7-7 acres of land including Christopher Park the Stonewall fin in and the surrounding streets and sidewalks that were the site of the 1969 Stonewall Univing an event that inspired the modern LGBT civil rights movement.
	NPS	Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument	Arizona	Flagstaff	1930	Antiquities Act	3 040.00			Established under USFS transferred to NPS and redesignated in 1990 through 101st Congress. Established by presidential proclamation in 1930. Sunset Crater Volcano National Monument protects 3 040 acres representing the Colorado Plateau's most recent volcanic eruption. It is the youngest least-eroded cinder cone in the San Francisco Volcanic Field and represents the only series of eruptions in the Southwest indisputably wintessed by local peoples.
	NPS	Timpanogos Cave National Monument	Utah	American Fork		Antiquities Act				Established under USFS and transferred to NPS in 1933. The Timpanogos cave system is in the Wasatch Range in the American Fork Canyon. Three main chambers are accessible: Hansen Cave Middle Cave and Timpanogos Cave. Many colorful cave features or speleothems can be seen including helicities cave basoon cave columns flowstone cave popcorn and cave drapery. Set aside because it is of unusual scientific interest and importance. "WHEREAS a natural cave known as the Timpanogos Cave which is situated upon unsurveyed lands within the Wasatch National Forest in the State of Utah is of unusual scientific interest and importance and it appears that the public interests will be promoted by reserving this cave with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a National Monument."  WHEREAS two prehistoric ruins of ancient cliff dwellings situated upon public lands of the United States and located in the region commonly known as the Tonto Drainage Basin about two miles south of the Salt
	NPS	Tonto	Arizona	Roosevelt	1907	Antiquities Act	640.00	1 120.00		known as the into Drainage sasin about two miles south or the saft filter fisterior if Gila County Aircona are of great ethnologic scientific and educational interest and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving these reliefs of a vanished people as a National Monument "with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof;
		Tule Springs Fossil								established to "conserve protect interpret and enhance for the benefit of present and future generations the
	NPS	Beds National Monument	Nevada	Boulder City	2014	Congress	22 650.00			unique and nationally important paleontological scientific educational and recreational resources and values of the land."
	NPS	Tumacacori National Monument	Arizona	Tumacacori	1908	Antiquities Act	10.00	357.74		Redesignated Tumacori NHP in 1990 through 101 Congress. "WHEREAS the Tumacacori Mission an ancient Spanish ruin which is one of the oldest mission ruins in the southwest erected probably in the latter part of the sixteenth century being largely of burned brick and cennent mortar instead of adobe and in remarkable repair considering its great age and of great historical interests and it appears that the public interests would spape short heresting the promoted by reserving."
	ļ.i5	Tuzigoot National								Tuzigoot National Monument was established by presidential proclamation on July 25 1939. The proclamation states that certain Government-owned lands in the State of Arizona have situated there on historic and prehistoric structures and other historic objects of historic or scientific interest and it would be in the public interest to reserve
	NPS	Monument	Arizona	Camp Verde	1939	Antiquities Act	42.0/	381.53		such lands as a national monument to be known as Tuzigoot National Monument."

	BIM	Upper Missouri River Breaks National Monument	Montana	Lewistown	2001	Antiquities Act	377.346.00		120 475.00	array of biological geological and historical objects of interest. From Fort Benton upstream into the Charles M. Russell National Wildlife Refuge the monument spans 149 miles of the Upper Missouri River the adjacent Breaks country and portions of Arrow Creek Antelope Creek and the Judin River. The area has remained largely unchanged in the nearly 200 years since Meriwether Lewis and William Clark traveled through it on their epic journey. In 1975 the Congress designated the Missouri River segment and corridor in this area a National Wild and Scenic River (Public Law 94-486 90 Stat. 2327). The monument also encompasses segments of the Lewis and Clark National Historic Trail the Nez Perce National Historic Trail and the Cow Creek Island Area of Critical Environmental Concern. Bld mesources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Upper Missouri National Wild and Scenic River (149 miles)  Nez Perce National Historic Trail  Nez Perce National Historic Trail  Nez Perce National Historic Trail  Swilderness Study Areas  1 Area of Critical Environmental Concern  Judith Landing Historic Cistric  2 National Register of Historic Places Listed Homesteads  Diverse Recreational Opportunities  Biological  Geological Resources  Historical Resources  Prainie Dog  Bald Eagle  Sage Grouse  Bighoms sheep  Elk  Mule Deer  Riparian Values: Woodland Forests	
	Jacon			i coma	100	, and a second	3.7.3		204300	November 9 2000: Amid the sandstone slickrock brilliant cliffs and rolling sandy plateaus of the Vermilion Cliffs National Monument lie outstanding objects of scientific and historic interest. Despite its arid climate and rugged isolation the monument contains a wide variety of biological objects and has a long and rich human history. Full of natural splendor and a sense of solitude this area remains remote and unspoided qualities that are essential to the protection of the scientific and historic objects it contains. The monument is a geological treasure. BLM resources, objects and values are further defined through management plans and/or manager's reports. Including: Cultural and Historic Resources (Geology Paria River Vegetation Wilderness)	
	BIM	Vermilion Cliffs National Monument	Arizona	St. Coorne	2000	Antiquities Act	270 569 00		14 121	Wildlife - Bighorn Sheep Wildlife - Fish Wildlife - Mountain Lion Wildlife - Pronghorn Antelope Wildlife - Rotators	
	NPS	irgin Islands Cora eef National Monument		St. George	2001		12 708.00	11608.48	14 121	January 17 2001: The Virgin Islands Coral Reef National Monument in the submerged lands off the Island of 5 hin the U.S. Virgin Islands contains all the elements of a Caribbean tropical marine ecosystem. This designation furthers the protection of the scientific objects included in the Virgin Islands National Park created in 1956 an expanded in 1962. The biological communities of the monument live in a fragile interdependent relationship a include habitats essential for sustaining and enhancing the tropical marine ecosystem: mangroves sea grass b coral reefs cotocoral hardbottom and communities shallow mud and fine sediment habitat and algal plains of fishery habitats deeper coral reefs octocoral hardbottom and algal plains of the monument are all objects of scientific interest and essential to the long-term sustenance of the tropical marine ecosystem.	
	NPS	Waco Mammoth National Monument	Техаѕ	Waco	2015		7.11			July 10 2015: In 1978 two young fossil hunters found a large bone protruding from an eroded ravine near the Bosque River about 4.5 miles north of the center of Waco Texas. They took the bone to nearby Baylor University where it was identified as part of the femur (upper leg bone) of a Columbian Mammoth (Mammuthus columbi) a dominant species in North America during the Pielstone Epoch. The Columbian Mammoth the largest of all mammoth species stood with a shoulder height reaching 12 to 14 feet and weighed an estimated 7 to 8 tons. Over the next 20 years Baylor University oversaw the excavation of the site where the remains of 24 Columbian Mammoths were found along with the remains of associated animals of the late Pielstocene including Western Camel (Camelops hesternus) saber-toothed cat (Homotherium) dwarf antelope (cf. Capromeryx) American A ligator (Aligator mississippiensis) and giant tortoise (Hesperotestudo). These remains contain the Nation's only recorded discovery of a nursery herd (females and offspring) of Pleistocene mammoths comprising at least 18 of the uncantified mammoths.	
	NPS	Walnut Canyon National Monument	Arizona	Flagstaff	1915	Antiquities Act	960.00	3 251.42		Established under USFS. Transferred to NPS in 1933. "WHEREAS certain prehistoric ruins of ancient cliff dwellings situated upon public lands of the United States and located in what is commonly known as Walnut Canyon about eight miles south-east of the city of Flagstaff Arizona are of great ethnologic scientific" and educational interest and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving these relics of a vanished people with as much land as may be necessary for the proper protection thereof as a National Monument."	
Yes	US Forest Service	Wheeler National Monument	Colorado		1908	Antiquities Act				Part of Rio Grande National Forest. Established in USFS and then transferred to Rio Grande NF in 1950 through 81st Congress. "WHEREAS certain volcanic formations in the State of Colorado within the Rio Grande and Cochetopa National Forests are of unusual scientific interest as illustrating erratic erosion and it appears that the public interests would be promoted by reserving said formations as a National Monument."	
	NPS	White Sands National Monument	New Mexico	Alamogordo	1933	Antiquities Act	131 486.84	143 733.25		Established "for the preservation of the white sands and additional features of scenic scientific and educational interest"	
	NDC	Whitman Mission National Historic Site					1			Authorized in 1936 redesignated a National Historic Site in 1963. Whitman Mission National Historic Site is a United States National Historic Site located just west of Walla Walla Washington at the site of the former Whitman	
	IV/3	World War II Valor in the Pacific	Washington	Walla Walla Aleutians East Borough AK;	1936	Congress		138.53		Mission at Waiilatpu.	
	FWS	National Monument	Alaska California	Modoc County CA	2008	Antiquities Act	6 304.00			To preserve interpret and enhance the public's understanding and appreciation of the national monument and the broader story of World War II in the Pacific.	(Proclamation 8327)

								December 5 2008: President Bush signed the Presidential Proclamation Designating the World War II Valor in the
								Pacific National Monument. The sites in this area include: Five of those sites are in the Pearl Harbor area which is
								the home of both the USS Arizona and the USS Missouri - milestones of the Pacific campaign that mark the beginning
								and the end of the war. The USS Arizona Memorial and Visitor Center the USS Utah Memorial the USS Oklahoma
								Memorial the six Chief Petty Officer Bungalows on Ford Island and mooring quays F6 F7 and F8 which constituted
								part of Battleship Row. Three sites are located in Alaska's Aleutian Islands. The first is the crash site of a
								Consolidated B-24D Liberator bomber - an aircraft of a type that played a highly significant role in World War II -
								located on Atka Island. The second is the site of Imperial Japan's occupation of Kiska Island beginning in June 1942
								which marks the northern limit of Imperial Japan's expansion in the Pacific. The third Aleutian designation is on Attu
	World War II Valor							Island the site of the only land battle fought in North America during World War II. The last of the nine designations
	in the Pacific							will bring increased understanding of the high price paid by some Americans on the home front. The Tule Lake
	National							Segregation Center National Historic Landmark and nearby Camp Tule Lake in California were both used to house
NPS & FWS	Monument Ha	lawaii	Honolulu	2008	Antiquities Act	4 038 400.00	56.66	Japanese-Americans relocated from the west coast of the United States. 6 310 sq. miles
								to the International Boundary with Canada contains a variety of landforms including high mountain peaks and steep
								canyons with associated geological ecological biological and historical phenomena of great importance.
								The area includes the greatest assemblage of mountain peaks over 14 500 feet in elevation found in the Nation the
								nation's second highest mountain (Mount St. Elias at 18 008 feet) several inactive and one active volcano (Mount
								Wrangell) and an active glacial complex including some of the largest and longest glaciers in the Nation. The high
1				1	1			mountain peaks and glaciers offer an excellent opportunity for glaciological studies. The Malaspina Glacier is listed
			İ	1	1		1	on the National Registry of Natural Landmarks.
1				1	1			Thermal features in the area include the mud cones and hot springs on the western base of Mount Drum. More
1				1	1			complete undeveloped river systems exist here than in any other land area in the Nation with more than 1 000
				1	1			miles of powerfully running silt-laden rivers.
			İ	1	1		1	Biologically unique subspecies of flora and fauna have developed in the Bremner and Chitina River Valleys. As a
				1	1			result of their isolation by virtue of ice fields and the Copper River these areas are virtually ecological islands in
				1	1			which development of subspecies is largely unaffected by interchange with outside plant and animal species.
								Wildlife populations include the largest population of wild mountain sheep in North America moose mountain goat
								and a non-migratory population of caribou. The area is the only part of Alaska where four of the five Identifiable
								forms of bear occur including the interior grizzly the coastal brown bear the black bear and the rare blue-color
								phase of the black bear called glacier bear. Along the coast of the Gulf of Alaska bald eagles and a large and varied
								shorebird booulation occur.
								Cultural development within the area is of interest to archeologists and historians. Three major culture areas
								converge here each with distinctive cultural patterns: the North Athapascans the Pacific Eskimo and the Chugach.
								Converge nere each with distinctive Cultural patterns, the worth Autopascans the Facility Samino and the Chagach. Mining history is evidenced by the Kennecott Copper Works a National Historic Landmark.
								The land withdrawn and reserved by this Proclamation for the protection of the geological archeological biological
								The ratio within awn and reserved by this Procentation for the protection of the geological activering that in the part and other phenomena enumerated above supports now as it has in the past a unique subsistence culture of the
								and other phenomena enumerated above supports now as it has in the past a unique subsistence culture or the local residents. The continued existence of this culture which depends on subsistence hunting and its availability for
	Wrangall-St. Elias							study enhances the footning existence or inscituting winto depends on subsistence initing and its availability for
	National Park and							study elimatics the instant, and scientific values of the instantian objects of the proportion of the subsistence culture with those objects. Accordingly the opportunity for local residents to engage
NPS		laska	Copper Center	4070	Antiquities Act		12 279 796.88	interaction or the subsistence culture with mose objects. Accordingly the object residents to engage in subsistence hunting is a value to be protected and will continue under the administration of the monument.
INFS	Preserve A	ldSRd	Copper Center	11970	[Antiquities Act	1	12 279 790.00	In subsistence funding is a value to be protected and win continue under the administration of the monument.
	Wunatki National							Whereas there are located in Arizona about 30 miles northeast of Flagstaff two groups of prehistoric ruins built by
NPS		rizona	Flagstaff	1924	Antiquities Act	2 234 10	35 422.13	the ancestors of a most picturesque tribe of Indians still surviving in the United States the Hopi or People of Peace;
	- Monument 70	i i i LOTIO	l	1	/ ratiquities rice	1 234.10	33 422.13	the direction of a most pretained at modification of modification of the trapped in capital in the contract of the trapped in capital in the contract of the trapped in capital in the contract of the trapped in capital in the contract of the trapped in capital in the contract of the trapped in capital in cap
				1	1			Designated a research national monument it is a large unexcavated Ancestral Puebloan archeological site. The site
				1	1			is one of many Anasazi (Ancestral Pueblo) village sites located in the Montezuma Valley occupied between AD 900
				1	1			and 1300. "WHEREAST there is in Montezuma County Colorado on the eastern slope of the Sleeping Ute Mountain
			İ	1	1		1	and 1500. Whereas directs in monitectand county Contado on the existent stope of the septing true monitoring in an imposing pile of masonry of great archaeological value relic of the prehistoric inhabitants of that part of the
	Yucca House			1	1			country; and WHEREAS the ground on which said structure stands has been donated to the United States for the
	National			1	1			establishment of a national monument with a view to the preservation of said ruins and such preservation is
NPS		olorado	Cortez	1919	Antiquities Act	9.60	33.87	essatissiment or a national information with a view to the preservation or salu fulls and such preservation is deemed to be in the public interest."
IMES	Yukon Flats	0.0.000	CONTEL	12213	produquides ACL	15.00	155.07	pecinica to ocini and poone intelest.
	National Wildlife							
FWS		laska		1978	Antiquities Act			
				1	1			Redesignated National Preserve in 1980 through 96th Congress. "The Yukon-Charley National Monument an area
				1	1			in east-central Alaska includes a combination of historic and scientific features of great significance. The Upper
	Yukon-Charley			1	1			Yukon
	Rivers National			1	1			River basin contains historic remains of early mining activity and includes outstanding paleontological resources and
NPS		laska	Central	1978	Antiquities Act	1 720 000.00	2 195 546.98	ecologically diverse natural resources offering many opportunities for scientific and historic study and research."
C	,							Established as Mukuntu-Weap/Zion National Monument. Redesignated Zion National Park in 1919 as part of 66th
								Congress. Addition through Antiquities Act in 1937 with a redesignation to become part of Zion NP in 1956 through
								S4th Congress. "WHEREAS certain public lands in the State of Utah contain volcanic phenomena of unusual scientific
								out Congress. Whereas terrain pront raints in the state of Grant Contain voicant phenomena or unusual scientific value and have situated thereon various
NPS	Zion National Park Ut	Itah	Springdale	1909	Antiquities Act	16 000.00	143 747.65	value and nave situated thereon various other control to the contr
INPO	ZiOII National Park Ut	rtan	Springuale	1309	Antiquities ACT	10 000.00	143 /4/.03	otiei odjetis di georgicai and Stientinic Interest.
				1	1			WHEREAS certain public lands in the State of Utah contain volcanic phenomena of unusual scientific value and have
	1			1	1			Whereas cet and point, and is not estated to that contain volcain, pretorners or unsuant section, value and have situated thereon various other objects of geological and scientific interest; and WHEREAS it appears that it would be
	1							
NPS	Zion National Park LII	Itah	Springdale	1937	Antiquities Act	49 150.00	143 747 65	to the public interest to reserve such lands as a national monument to be known as the Zion National Monument